The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,899—New Series. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1883.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

QUARANTINE AT EGYPTIAN AND CONTINENTAL PORTS.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for PASSING the Company's steamers THROUGH THE SUEZ CANAL in QUARANTINE, thus avoiding any detention in Egypt.

The HOMEWARD MAILS are now being landed at VENICE, but the Quarantine, which is still imposed at this and all other Continental Ports, PREVENTS the landing of PASSENGERS, and the QUICKEST route by which they can reach England is to proceed to PLYMOUTH DIRECT.

The passages of the steamers will continue to be accelerated as much as possible. The last four steamers have made the voyage from Bombay to Plymouth in 26 days. Until the Continental route is again open, passengers taking three-monthly Return Tickets will be allowed an extension of a fortnight, if required.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 9th August, 1883.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as follows:—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains	1883.
— GWALIOR	3733 800	M. de Horne	..2nd Nov.
— CLYDE	3124 750	E. M. Edmond	..9th ,,
— SURAT	3142 650	C. R. Edwards	..16th ,,
— MIRZAPORE	3857 600	C. G. Perrins	..23rd ,,
— VENETIA	3723 500	A. B. Daviell	..30th ,,

FRIDAY.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 2 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, and TRIESTE, by every Mail, and to MARSEILLES by every alternate Mail.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others passengers change vessels at Suez.

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	On	1883.
KAISAR-I-HIND	4023 700	E. G. Stead	..	2nd Nov.
PEKIN	3000 600	A. Symons	..16th	,,
MYDASPES	3261 500	G. Scrivener	..30th	,,

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, September 10, 1883.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S UNITED COMPANIES (UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 30th on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, A DAY and rice versâ.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports in Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class ...R. 500	Including wines.	I Class ...R. 520	Including wines.
II do. 300		II do. 300	
III do. 100	With food.	III do. 150	With food.

Children under 3 years, free; under 10 years, half fare. Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the tickets.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to passengers returning within three, six and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other first-class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

MANILLA, on Thursday ..... 1st Nov., 1883.
CHINA, on Saturday ..... 1st Dec., 1883.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board, free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Ballard Pier between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available 17 days.

First Class, Class Calais Route, R. 95 Brighton Route, R. 0
Second do. do. do. .. 145 do. do.
Third do. do. do. .. 105 do. do.

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, & apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Ramoos House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Bombay, September 7, 1883.

CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION. REGULAR MONTHLY STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES.

THE new first-class steamer COLOMBO, 2,700 tons register, 450 horse-power, will LEAVE BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 20th November. She carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500 including wines.
Children under 2 years, free. Under 10, half fare.

The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows:—

Via Calais and Dover (Mail)..... 1st class £ 7 5 0
Via Dieppe ..... 1st class ,, 5 18 1

Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge to the extent allowed by the passage ticket.

For further particulars, apply to

RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

Bombay, 21st June, 1883.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE VIA CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons. H.P.	To sail.
PANDORA	G. Sturli	3,500 550	28th Oct.
HERENICE	P. Crillovich	3,500 550	28th Nov.
MEDUSA	G. Ragusin	3,500 550	28th Dec.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 450	Rs. 280	Rs. 120

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX months at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 450

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons. HP.	To sail.
MEDUSA	G. Ragusin	3,500 550	27th Oct.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church-gate-street, Bombay, Sept. 1883.

WILSON LINE OF STEAMERS.

THESE STEAMERS will be DESPATCHED regularly once a month, or oftener, from BOMBAY to HULL, and we are prepared to book through cargo for the following ports:—

Amsterdam.	Danzig.	Norkopping.
Antwerp.	Drontheim.	New York.
Bergen.	Dunkirk.	Port-Said-Libaso.
Bordeaux.	Ghent.	Riga.
Boston.	Gothenburg.	Rotterdam.
Bremen.	Hamburg.	Rouen.
Christiania.	Harlingen.	St. Petersburg.
Christiansand.	Helsingfors.	Stavanger.
Copenhagen.	Konigsberg.	Stettin.
Cronstadt.	Malmo.	Stockholm.

For further particulars, apply to

FINLAY, MUIR and Co.,
Agents, Wilson Line.

WILLIAM RAINBOW, late of Bombay, at present carrying on business as Engineer and Commission Agent at No. 3, Boyle Street, Luton, in the County of Bedfordshire, England, begs to notify that he has established a Commission Agency business for all private and public information regarding machinery, &c., that might be required from England by residents in India. With the advantage of 30 years' practical experience as an Engineer in England, India and America, he is prepared to inspect any machinery prior to shipment or purchase.

All commissions with which he may be intrusted will meet with careful and immediate attention at the following charges, exclusive of second-class railway fare for the different parts travelled over.

Private Enquiry Business £1-1-0 per day.

Inspection of machinery in small lots of £50 to £100 in value, 7½ per cent. commission; from £100 to £300 in value, 5 per cent. commission; from £300 to £500 in value, 3 per cent. commission.

Special contracts made for large consignments.

All communications should be as plain and definite as possible and sent direct to the above address so as to ensure an immediate and positive reply.

Messrs. SWIFT and FAIRBAIRN, Public Accountants, Bombay, have been authorised to receive and collect all accounts and commissions due to the abovenamed Wm. Rainbow.

VIENNA FURNITURE.

MR. NEUBERG begs to intimate ARRIVAL of a further consignment of VIENNA bentwood FURNITURE, consisting of Chairs, with and without arms (suitable for Drawing, Dining, and Bed-rooms), Saloon, Rocking, Library, Office and Deck Chairs, Piano Stools, Verandah Teapoys, Tables, etc., etc., respectfully invites an early [illegible].

BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,661 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 7th November, 1883, at 4 p.m. calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopaulpore and False Point. Parties are called at in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "BURMAH," 1,080 tons, on TUESDAY, 6th November, 1883, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Ras, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

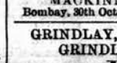
S. S. "EUPHRATES," 803 tons, on SATURDAY, 3rd November, 1883, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,465 tons, on 7th November, 1883.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 30th October, 1883. Agents.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,



BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamer without charge for Commission.

NEW "THE IMPERMEABLE" PATENT.

WE guarantee this WATCH to be thoroughly water, and therefore also dust-proof. May be kept going under water for a number of days without its taking the slightest injury. No watch sold unless tried under water for at least 2 days. A few of these Watches may be seen going completely under water at our establishment. The Watch is KEYLESS and in white metal case. Price Rs. 35 cash.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co., Bombay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VIENNA BEER,

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THE BREWERY. THE NEW SEASON'S BREW, IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

Per doz. Quarts.....Cash Rs. 6-4
Per doz. Pints ..... ,, ,, 4-2

SOLE AGENTS:

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S SUPARI TOOTH PASTE,

AN elegant and efficient PREPARATION, made from the fresh BETEL-NUT. Combining all the essentials of a good DENTIFRICE, it cleanses, and preserves the teeth, strengthens the gums, and imparts a delightful freshness to the mouth and fragrance to the breath.

Per jar, suitable for the toilet table, Re. 1-4.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

PREPARED with the very best materials and with the greatest care so as to obtain the full medicinal properties of each of the articles of which it is composed.

This preparation of the finest Jamaica root is decidedly preferable to any other form in which Sarsaparilla can be administered on account of its portability and superior efficacy.

It contains the whole active and medicinal properties of the root in the highest state of concentration, combined with the ingredients of the compound decoction ordered in the British Pharmacopœia, the beneficial effects of which, as an alterative and restorative, have been universally admitted and established by the sanction and recommendation of the most eminent practitioners of the present day.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per bottle	Rs. 2-0	2-4
,, double size	,, 3-8	4-0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,

PREPARED expressly for TREACHER & Co., Limited, from finest, selected and thoroughly matured Tobacco, and acknowledged to be the cheapest and best Smokes procurable.

		Cash prices. Rs. as.
NOBLE'S Cheroot shape, without straw	box of 100	1 12
DAWSON'S Cheroot shape, with straw	,, 100	1 12
THOMSON'S, Cheroot shape, with straw	,, 250	4 0
	,, 100	1 12
DINDIGUL'S Cheroot shape, with straw	,, 250	4 0
	,, 100	2 0
HAVANNAH'S Cigar shape	,, 250	4 8
	,, 100	2 0
TREACHER'S GEM MUSTER, Cigar shape	,, 250	4 8
	,, 100	2 0
TREACHER'S MUSTER, slightly barrel shaped	,, 100	2 4
	,, 250	5 0
CLUB MUSTER, Cheroot and Cigar shape	,, 100	3 4

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

ESTABLISHED 1803.
CAPITAL—ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in Bombay and up-country issued, on behalf of the above Company, at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom full particulars may be obtained.

BENN, ASHLEY & Co., Agents.

JUST RECEIVED,

DR. ROOKE'S Elixir,
DR. ROOKE'S Oriental Pills,
DR. ROGKE'S Golden Ointment,

BY

COOPER, MADON, and Co., Ld.'

6, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

CHOICE DINDIGUL CHEROOTS,

SPECIALLY prepared for the Undersigned from choice well matured TOBACCO. Will be compared favourably with any other brand of its kind in respect of Prices and Quality. A Trial Order is solicited.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,
6, HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MADON'S ASTRINGENT TOOTH POWDER,

UNSURPASSED for arresting Bleeding from the TEETH and GUMS and INCIPIENT DECAY; is a thorough cleaner of the Teeth, improving Foul Breath, and giving health to Gums and fragrance to the Mouth.

Per Bottle As. 12.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,
6, HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DR. KIRBY'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS.

PHOSPHORUS AND COMPOUND PILLS,
Powerful restorative of deranged nervous system.

PERMANGANATE OF POTASH PILLS,
1 and 2 grs.

HAZELWITCH SUPPOSITORIES
for hemorrhoids.

QUININE OVOID CAPSULES,
from 1 gr. to 5 grs.

The above are just unpacked by

COOPER, MADON, and Co., Ld.,
HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE GAIETY COMPANY.

LESSEES ..... Messrs. NORVILLE & FERRELL.
STAGE MANAGER ..... Mr. J. B. FERRELL.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR .. Herr J. S. COLONNA.
SCENIC ARTIST ..... Herr MAURICE FREYBERGER.

SATURDAY,

BENEFIT OF

MR. J. B. FERRELL

MY WIFE'S BONNETT,

And

BY DESIRE,

For positively the last time,

IOLANTHE.

PRICES OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.

Doors open at 8-30: Commence at 9.

Orchestra Stalls may be reserved and Boxes secured at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Ld., where a plan is now open.

GEO. NORVILLE,
Business Manager.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THE ADJOURNED THIRD QUARTERLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held here at 3 o'clock p. m. on THURSDAY, the 1st proximo, for the consideration of the business left undisposed of at the Meeting held on the 22nd instant.

By order of the Chairman,
H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation; and Secy., Town Council.

Bombay, Municipal Offices, 31st October, 1883.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA. RACQUET-COURT.

THE NEW SYSTEM COMMENCES from TO-DAY. Subscribers of 8 Rupees per month will not be charged in future for games and balls.

F. L. STEEL,
Hony. Secretary, Racquets.

NOTICE.

I BEG to take the liberty to tender my heartfelt thanks to the constituents and the public in general for the kind patronage so long accorded to my firm, and solicit a continuance of the same to the Limited Company.

BARTON CONCESSIO,
Manager, BARTON & Co., Ld.,
No. 9, Church-gate-street.

Bombay, 31st October, 1883.

SUN FIRE OFFICE, LONDON, ESTABLISHED 1710.

INSURANCES effected upon Merchandise, Warehouses, Shops, Dwelling-Houses and their contents, in Bombay and the Mofussil, at the current rates.

CLAIMS arranged by the local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.

PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Agents.

THE CITY LINE S.S. CITY OF CARTHAGE

has ARRIVED from LIVERPOOL and is discharging in the Prince's Dock. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS OF LADING for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their Goods without delay. Consignees of Packages exceeding in weight 30 cwt are requested to send boats alongside to take delivery of their cargo, which will otherwise be landed on the quay at their risk and expense.

All damaged goods must be surveyed before removal from the Dock, otherwise no claim will be admitted.

Captain Lidstone will attend on board every morning to survey damaged goods.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 31st October, 1883.

RAMSAY AND CO.,

33, Rampart-road, West, Bombay.

SOLE AGENTS of Messrs. W. H. NEBEL (of Leipzig and Bombay) for celebrated Wines and Spirits of every description, Fancy Goods, &c.

A large and choice Selection of Hungarian Wines, Liquers, Brandies, Whiskies, Malt Liquors, &c., &c.

Also we are Agents for the sale of well known brands of Messrs. CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s Wines, Spirits, &c.

Can always be had here at lowest possible rates.

Price list and Samples on application.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Limited.,
BOOKSELLERS, PUBLISHERS, STATIONERS, AND NEWSAGENTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
IMPORTERS OF

DRUGS, Patent Medicines, Wines, Spirits, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Chemical and Scientific Apparatus (Fancy Articles), &c., &c.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully dispensed.

Bombay Establishments:
Meadow-street, and Humum-street, Fort,
and
Opposite Jumah Musjid.
POONA,
East-street.

CHUBB'S

CHUBB'S	CHUBB'S
CHUBB'S SAFES,	CHUBB'S
CHUBB'S WRITING PAPER,	CHUBB'S
CHUBB'S CASH AND KEY	CHUBB'S
CHUBB'S BOXES,	CHUBB'S
CHUBB'S LOCKS AND PADLOCKS.	CHUBE'S
CHUBB'S	CHUBB'S

CHUBB'S

EDULJEE PESTONJEE,
SOLE APPOINTED AGENT IN BOMBAY.

CHUBB'S BOX & LOCK MART,
47, Parsee Bazaar-street, Fort,
ESTABLISHED 1847.
A few paces from the *Times of India* Buildings.

BOLTON AND COMPANY, WINE MERCHANTS,

SHERRIES,
White Seal,

Offered as a fair good specimen of Sherry, fit for ordinary luncheon and dinner purposes, possessing body and flavor, and warranted to be genuine Xerez Wine. Rs. 21 per dozen.

VINO DE PASTO,

A good medium Sherry, selected from among the best produce of the district of Xerez de la Frontera. It possesses all the characteristics of a sound Sherry Wine and is well suited for the dinner table or whenever a good glass of Sherry is required. Rs. 24 per dozen.

MANZANILLA,

A similar Sherry to the above, but differing in colour; rich in appearance, good in body, excellent in flavor, and pleasantly stimulating. A wine for general use and recommended for the luncheon or dinner table. Rs. 26 per dozen.

AMONTILLADO,

A delicate, soft wine, translucent in appearance, pure, clean and moderately dry. Admirably suited for the use of dyspeptic persons, who require a wine acceptable to the palate, nourishing to the system, and with no tendency to promote acidity. A generous and yet a light wine. One to be selected when Sherry is ordered by the medical adviser. Rs. 33 per dozen.

MARSALA,

The Sician Sherry. Marsala in soil and climate very much resembles Xerez. This is a useful pleasant wine of considerable body. Rs. 15 per dozen.

THACKER & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN'S COMIC OPERAS.

IOLANTHE,
or
THE PEER AND THE PERI.
A new and original Fairy Opera.
Price Rs. 3-4; post free, Rs. 3-7.

PATIENCE,
or
BUNTHORNE'S BRIDE,
An entirely New and Original Æsthetic Opera.
Price Rs. 3-4; post free, Rs. 3-7.

PIRATES OF PENZANCE,
or
THE SLAVE OF DUTY.
Price Rs. 3-4; post free, Rs. 3-7.

H. M. S. PINAFORE,
or
THE LASS THAT LOVED A SAILOR.
An entirely Original Nautical Comic Opera.
Price Rs. 2-8; post free, Rs. 2-11.

TRIAL BY JURY.
A Dramatic Cantata.
Price Re. 1-8; post free, Re. 1-10.

The above are in full Pianoforte and Vocal score.

Words by W. S. GILBERT. Music by ARTHUR SULLIVAN.

THACKER & Co., Limited.

IMMENSE REDUCTION IN TEA.

TREACHER and COMPANY, LIMITED, have the pleasure to announce that, owing to the greatly increased demand for KOUSANIE TEAS, they have been able to arrange a special concession in price from the KOUSANIE TEA COMPANY, Limited, the full advantage of which they now offer to the public, trusting thereby to gain a further extension of patronage for these high-class Teas.

The "KOUSANIE" Teas are the choicest of all Indian Teas, they are grown in the District originally selected by the GOVERNMENT of INDIA for inaugurating the growth of Tea in India and for SUPERIORITY of QUALITY have gained,

TWELVE MEDALS AND TEN PRIZES
AT EXHIBITIONS IN
INDIA, ENGLAND AND PARIS.

CASH PRICE-LIST, 1st November, 1883.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
TREACHER'S HOUSEHOLD TEA	1lb. pkt. 0 10	KOUSANIE SOUCHONG	2lb. pkt. 2 12
TREACHER'S OWN MIXTURE	1lb. pkt. 2 0	KOUSANIE SOUCHONG	5lb. catty. 6 12
KOUSANIE PEKOE	2lb. pkt. 3 0	KOUSANIE MIXTURE	2lb. pkt. 2 12
KOUSANIE ORANGE PEKOE	1lb. pkt. 1 10	KOUSANIE MIXTURE	5lb. catty. 6 1
KOUSANIE GREEN HYSON	1lb. pkt. 1 10		

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DUNNETT & COMPANY,

SADDLERS, HARNESS-MAKERS,

BEG to invite attention to their EXTENSIVE STOCK OF HORSE CLOTHING, &c.

Light Clothing Choice patterns, fast colours, linen suits complete, hood, roller, sheet. &c.							14	8
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,						extra quality	20	0
,, quarter sheets							10	8
,, sheets and rollers (best quality)							30	0
,, ,, ,, (extra ,,)							40	0
Heavy Clothing, best Kersey, all wool, Fawn Woollen Blankets							10	8
Complete Suits various patterns, splendid material						Rs.	45 and 50	0

&c., &c., &c.

Knee Caps, Sponges, Woollen and Linen Newmarket Bandages, Curry Combs, Body and Dandy Brushes, Horse Standard with spirit levels, Whips, Spurs, &c.,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

HORSE CLIPPERS, by CLARKE and other noted makers.
REGULATION SADDLES.
NUMDAHS FAWN AND CHOCOLATE.
FITZWILLIAM GIRTHS,
&c., &c., &c.

RAMPART-ROW
BOMBAY

RIPON IRON-WORKS,

FRERE-ROAD,
NEAR PRINCE'S DOCK,
BOMBAY,

THESE NEW WORKS have been planned and laid out by us so as to secure the most practical working arrangement of the various departments, and on a scale commensurate with the execution of the HEAVIEST description of WORK.

The most modern and improved MACHINE TOOLS and Appliances are employed throughout, thus ensuring the greatest accuracy of workmanship, combined with economy and despach.

Special care is exercised in the selection of all iron for structural work and forgings.

The Foundry Departments are specially under the supervision of our Mr. COUPER, whose castings are favourably known in India, and we are in a position to execute every class of Foundry work up to twenty tons, including Cylinders, Rollers and Loam Castings of all kinds, and we willingly submit tests of the quality of Iron used.

Castings of Brass, Phosphor Bronze, and Stones Metal as may be required.

Import orders entrusted to us will be carried out with promptitude, and we have secured such terms as will compare favourably with the usual rates, while we guarantee the quality.

We are prepared to submit Designs, make out Plans and Estimates, and give quotations for all descriptions of Machinery and Iron Structures, and undertake their importation, manufacture or erection.

All orders entrusted to us have our immediate personal supervision.

DONALD, HENESEY & COUPER.

THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED,

SOLE SUCCESSORS
"AUX VILLES DE FRANCE."

NOTE THIS, NOTE THIS, NOTE THIS.

Arrived per s.s. "Rosetta" and opened out for sale at

MOST ABSURDLY LOW PRICES,

In order to make a

SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

SIX CASES OF FANCY AND OTHER GOODS, CONSISTING OF

SOLID Leather Portmanteaus, Ladies' Leather Belts, Tooth and Nail Brushes, New Patent Cork Screws, New Folding Scissors, Ladies' Handsome Hand Bags, Shoe-horns, Dog Chains, Sponge Nets, Mechanical Toys, Musical Tops, Tortoise-shell and Mother-o'-Pearl Cigar and Card Cases, Real Gold and Silver Thimbles, Gent.'s Shoes, Cardigan Jackets, Stocking Suspenders, New Embroidered Silks, Satin Boxes for Gloves and Handkerchiefs, Cream Silk Damasee, &c., &c., &c., &c.

ESPLANADE ROAD AND CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.
CARNAC ROAD, CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.
EAST STREET, & POONA.

PIANOFORTES, PIANOFORTES, PIANOFORTES,

FOR SALE, HIRE, OR ON THE EASY PURCHASE SYSTEM.

		Rs.
"SYMPATHETIC"	Grand Full Compass, in Solid Mahogany Case	1,750
"SYMPATHETIC"	Grand Square Pianoforte, Solid Mahogany,	850
"SYMPATHETIC"	Do. do. Ebonized	900
"SYMPATHETIC"	Cottage Pianoforte, Black and Gold,	650
'CANTANTE RESONANTE"	Overstrung Grand Square extra Compass 7¼ Octaves, in Rosewood Case	900
"CANTANTE RESONANTE"	Square Pianoforte, Solid American Walnut or Rosewood,	650
"CANTANTE RESONANTE"	Full Compass, Cottage Pianoforte, Rs. 500 and	650
"SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S"	Overstrung Grand Square Pianofortes, Solid Rosewood,	750
"R. LIPP'S"	Grand Square Pianoforte, with two Pedals, Rs. 650 and	750

Full particulars of the above Pianos on the Easy Payment system on application.

'BIJOU," OR TRAVELLING	Pianoforte Compass 5 Octaves, Solid Wood, complete Iron Frame	300

N.B.—All the above have Iron Frames, and are warranted to stand the Indian Climate.

'CHAPPELL'S"	Cottage Pianoforte, in Solid American Walnut, Compass 7 Octaves,	375

Details of Music and Musical Instruments free on application.

PIANOFORTES TUNED AND REPAIRED.

S. ROSE & CO. 21, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

C. MARCKS & CO.,

WATCH-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, AND OPTICIANS.

1, East Street, POONA. 43, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

WATCHES AT Rs. 12,

AND at Rs. 15, 18, and 20, are sold by all dealers, and we also sell them; but our experience of more than twenty years in the trade has shown us clearly that *there is no real economy in buying such articles*. We strongly recommend every one who wants to buy a Watch, and would like to have a trustworthy Time-keeper, to give at least Rs. 25. For this price we can sell a good SILVER HUNTING WATCH, winding with a key, or a GERMAN-SILVER CRYSTAL FACE WATCH, with keyless action and of excellent construction.

But to intending purchasers, who desire to possess a really FIRST-RATE WATCH, we wish to submit the following prices:

WITH KEYS.

Silver.				Silver.			
Hunting	Rs.	30	to Rs. 80	Hunting	Rs.	55	to Rs. 160
Half-hunting	,,	35	to ,, 85	Half-hunting	,,	60	to ,, 180
Crystal face	,,	40	to ,, 80	Crystal face	,,	60	to ,, 150
Gold.				Gold.			
Hunting	,,	65	to ,, 315	Hunting	,,	160	to ,, 375
Half-hunting	,,	85	to ,, 325	Half-hunting	,,	180	to ,, 400
Crystal face	,,	70	to ,, 320	Crystal face	,,	200	to ,, 375

KEYLESS.

And, in substantial German-silver cases, with crystal fronts, keyless action, extra jewelled, and of superior finish, at Rs. 30, 35, 40, 45, and 50. These are GUARANTEED for two years, and will give satisfaction to the most difficult.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & Co. have decided to keep a *competent Watch-maker* at their Poona Branch during *the whole year*, so that all repairs will be executed at their Poona House in a satisfactory manner.

C. MARCKS AND CO.

P. VUCCINO & CO.,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS
BY
SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY
SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, BART., K.C.M.C.,

BEG TO ANNOUNCE to the Public of Bombay, that their Photographic Studio is open daily for Portraitures from 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

OFFICE open from 8 A.M. to 6 P.M. for any person who may desire to make any engagement.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEMPLE BAR. GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT.

PROGRAMME. TO-NIGHT.

MARCH		Wiener Bua	Kopetzky.
OVERTURE		Elise Claudi	Mercadante.
VALSE		Die Verstadter	Lanner.
POTPOURRI		English Airs	Satta.
MAZURKA		Marien	Kleisser.
CARDAZ		Hosser Peter	Mertz.
PARTIE II.			
OVERTURE		Fra Diavolo	Auber.
FANTASIE		Sonnambula	Bellini.
VALSE		Wein Welb & Gesang	Strauss.
GALOP		Wiener Blitz	Kovac.
		GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.	

ADMISSION TO GALLERY, One Rupee.
Commencing at 9 p.m.
Supper always kept ready after the entertainment.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

PATENT "GEM" AIR GUNS, a most excellent Instrument for practice and entertainment in Halls, Gardens, &c. From 40 to 90 yards they give a precise and powerful shot.—H. A. GEYER & Co., 7, Hornby Row, Bombay.

FOUNTAIN HOTEL, Mahableshwur, is OPENED from 1st OCTOBER, 1883. It is the best situated and specially built for the COMFORT of LODGERS.—C. COWASJEE SHAPOORJEE, Proprietor,

COMFORTABLE PHAETONS and TONGA DAWKS for Mahableshwar ready laid, at very moderate rates. Per [illegible] Burjorjee, Proprietor, Poona.

FOR GENTLEMEN, BOARD AND RESIDENCE with a private family in the Fort. M., *Gazette* Office.

WANTED, a CLERK to meet Passenger Steamers. Must be smart and with good address. Apply "F. F.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

PIONEER, a golden leaf flake-cut Tobacco for Pipe, unrivalled for its purity, flavor, and aroma. Rs. 2-8 per lb.—HOWARD & Co., 30, Meadow-street.

TO-DAY'S ICES, Raspberry, Chocolate, and Vanila Cream, Rose-water Ice, Wines and Spirits of the best quality, wholesale and retail. MORENAS & Co., 15, Meadow-st.

JUST RECEIVED by this mail Double Gloster Prince of Wales CHEESE, sliced HAMS and SAUSAGES, &c.—BARTON and Co., Bombay.

HATS.—JUST RECEIVED, new shape Sun Hats and Helmets by the best makers. BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited.

VIENNA CHAIRS, bent walnutwood, the cheapest, best, and most elegant drawing, bedroom, or dining room chair extant; light, strong, and comfortable; easily disjointed, and eminently adapted for up-country use. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

J. COCKBURN and CAMPBELL'S EDINBURGH WHISKY, Rs. 28 per dozen. Apply EWART, LATHAM and Co., 3, Church Lane.

BASS'S Champagne Ale, bull-dog brand, bottled by R. Porter and Co., first prize at Melbourne Intl. Exhibition. In cases 4 doz. quarts Rs. 5-6 per doz.; 6 dozen pints Rs. 3-6 per doz. Apply EWART, LATHAM & Co.

SUPERIOR LAGER BEER.—Qrts. Rs. 6-12. Pints Rs. 4-12 per dozen. EWART, LATHAM & Co.

RUINART'S Champagne, green seal, established 1791. Magnums, Rs. 38 per doz.; quarts, Rs. 50 per doz.; pints, Rs. 26 per doz. Apply Ewart, Latham & Co.

FIVE hundred thousand pounds was paid last year under STANDARD LIFE Policies in respect of DEATH claims. The accumulated Fund amounts to Six Millions Sterling invested only in unexceptionable Securities, and the Revenue is £800,000 per annum.

FOR SALE at C. STEPHENS and SONS, a well-matched and thoroughly broken pair of Bay Waler Geldings; have been in regular work, and are perfectly quiet in harness.

INVALID PORT.—The increasing demand from sick persons and medical practitioners is the confidential proof of its efficacy and excellence.—FERNANDES & Co., Chemists.

WANTED, two DRAFTSMEN. Salaries from Rs. 70 to Rs. 100 per mensem. Applications to be sent to the CHIEF ENGINEER, W. I. P. G. Railway, Marmagao, Goa, before 12th November, 1883.

P. GRANT and SON, Saddlers and Harness-makers, have REMOVED to No

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 31.

MARKETS closed for the Dewalee Holidays.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Florida, 2,043 tons, Captain W. Dwyer, will sail to-day for Antwerp with a general cargo.

THE steamer Principia, 1,780 tons, Captain M. H. Karnish, sailed yesterday for London with a general cargo.

THE steamer Lord Warwick, 1,719 tons, Captain W. Fotheringham, arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein (22nd Oct.,) with a cargo of timber. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE following is the list of passengers per Italian R.M. steamer Manilla, Captain A. Cruciani, sailing to-day at 12 a.m.:—For Genoa:—Mr. G. E. S. Galache, Rev. and Mrs. Taylor, and Mr. Brandt.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Huzara, 1,344 tons, Captain W. Allen, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. R. H. Wilson, Mr. Picoton, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Leslie, Mr. S. Lelly and girl, a gentleman, Mr. Shamrao Vithul, and ten deck.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, 2,400 tons, Captain E. G. Stead, which arrived in harbour on the 30th ultimo from London, &c., brought the English mails and the following cargo:—164 packages colors and paints, 40 cases cologne, 51 packages varnish, 46 cases cochineal, 285 cases wine, 875 barrels beer, 281 boxes silver, 31 cases toys, 8 packages glassware, 6 packages lamps, 25 cases claret, 6 boxes specie, 50 cases whiskey, 20 cases currants, 100 bales piece-goods, 9 cases biscuits, 8 cases metal-ware, 35 packages ivory, 6 packages spelter, 25 cases sauce, 18 cases confectionery, 23 cases cases copper, 1 case gold thread, 20 cases milk, 1 box gold coins, 7 packages earthenwares, 10 cases tea, 333 packages, 954 boxes brandy, 13 cases medicine, 299 packages papers, 5 cases quinine, 189 cases provisions, 70 cases liquor, 11 packages hardware, 276 boxes candles, 28 cases sewing machines, 91 cases metal, 11 kegs shots, 17 cases cheese, 5 boxes gold, and many packages merchandize.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
31	Lord Warwick (s).	Pottinger ...	Moulmein, Oct. 22.
	C. of Carthage(s).	McPherson ..	Liverpool. Oct. 4.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
31	H. M. S. Malabar.	Hand	England.
	Huzara, (s)	Allen	Calcutta, &c.
	Principia (s)	Kornish	London.

The steamer Florida, Dwyer, to Antwerp, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, to China, &c.
Steamer Henry Bolckow, to Malabar Coast and Colombo.
Steamer Scindia, to Coast and Calcutta.
Steamer Euphrates, to K. Coast and Kurrachee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 31.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Persia s—80 bales cotton, Meajee Poonja and Co; 100 bales cotton, W. and A. Graham and Co; 481½ cwts bones, Mount Mercury.

Aston Hall s—3,001½ cwts linseed, William Bell and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Principia s—30 cwts aloes, D. Peerbhoy.

FOR ANTWERP.

Florida s—80 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 800 cwts wheat, Mooljee Jewraj and Co; 960 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Manilla s—1,000 cwts gingellyseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR HULL.

Bassano s—4,0[illegible]3 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co; 34 cwts wheat, Punnett and Co.

William Symington s—1,001¼ cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Kaiser-i-Hind s—125 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Kaiser-i-Hind s—300 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 150 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 500 bales cotton, Currimbhoy Ebrahim; 325 bales twist, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy; 25 bales twist, S. N. Talati and Co; 77 bales twist, Tata and Co; 94 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 110 bales twist, Bhugwandass Narrondass; 35 bales twist and 11 cwts sharkins, R. Hubibbhoy; 7 cwts wax and 2 boxes candies, Heerjeebhoy Manockjee; 125 cwts sharkins, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy; 1331 cwts sharkins, Suchoobhoy Khakey; 19 cwts sharkins and fishmaws, C. K. C. Nanjee; 84 chests opium, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 18 chests opium, The P. and O. Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Kaiser-i-Hind s—50 bales twist and 37 bales piece-goods, David Sassoon and Co; 100 bales twist and 20 bales piece-goods, E. D. Sassoon and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY,
BOMBAY, 30th October 1883.

[illegible] from leave, from England.
[illegible]g., from leave, from England.
[illegible]N. Staffordshire, on duty, from Kurrachee.

Macdonald, Surgn., on duty, from Egypt.
Douglas, Lieut.-Col., Worcestershire, from leave, from England.
Walker, Major, 1st Cavalry H. C., on leave, from Bolarum.
Lance, Col., 2nd Punjaub Cavalry, from leave, from England.
Malony, Surg., from leave, from England.
Gilmlette, Surg., on duty, from Egypt.

OCTOBER 31.

Foote, Lieut., R. A., on leave, from Madras.
Stokes, Col., Rl. Lancaster, from leave, from Mussoorie.

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 30.

White, Surg.-Major, on duty, to Allahabad.
Roney, Surg.-Major, on duty, to Allahabad.

OCTOBER 31.

Douglas, Lieut.-Col., Worcestershire, from leave, to Neemuch.
Strong, Lieut.-Col., 14th Bombay N. I., on duty, to Poona.
Glennie, Captain, R. E., on duty, to Morar.
Rich, Captain, R. E., on duty, to Roorkee.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

By Major M. R. WYER, Officiating Commandant, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, November 1.

The drill season will commence on Saturday next, the 3rd inst. Fall in at 4-30 p.m. sharp. Red uniform with helmets, arms, and accoutrements to be worn. All members who are at the train terminus at Colaba, Byculla, Grant-road, and Girgaum, at 4 p.m., will have their fares paid, those coming after will have to pay their own fare. This being the first parade of the season, it is requested that all members will do their utmost to be present.

The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the corps from this date and posted to H. Company:—Vols. E. Faulconer, F. Bingham, and H. Dracott.

By order,
A. H. ATKINSON, Capt. and Adjt.,
B. V. R. C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(Gazette of India.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of Lieut.-Col. A. C. Tok[illegible] Bengal Military [illegible] B.A., Bishop [illegible] Govt.

[illegible] Chaplain, [illegible]rests of Oudh, is [illegible] of Deputy. which Mr. [illegible] 1st grade, [illegible]hose Provisions, when [illegible]e months' [illegible]n furlough [illegible] of the 2nd [illegible], or until [illegible]

Consequent on the retirement from the service of Mr. I. E. O'Callaghan, Depy. Consvr. of Forests of the 1st grade in the N.-W. Provinces and Oudh, Capt. C. W. Losack, Depy. Consvr. of Forests of the 2nd grade in the Central Provinces, and officiating in the 1st grade of Depy. Consvrs., is confirmed in the latter appointment, from 28th Sept.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. J. B. Edwards will, on appointment as Sub. Officer, continue to officiate as Squdrn. Comdr. of the 2nd Regt., Central India Horse, in addition to his own duties.

Mr. C. C. Bancroft, Vice and Depy. Consul-Genl. for the United States of America, at Calcutta, has assumed charge of the duties of the Consul-Genl. at Calcutta, during the absence of Mr. H. Mattson.

The services of Surgn. J. Scully, Medical Officer of the Erinpoorah Irregular Force, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Department of Finance and Commerce, from 24th Nov.

Pundit Sarup Narain, Offg. Pol. Assist. of the 2nd Class, and 3rd Assist. to the Govr.-Genl.'s Agent in Central India, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Pol. Agent in Bhopawar, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the date of assuming charge, during the absence on privilege leave of Major J. Biddulph.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Mr. W. H. Dobbie, having been appointed to officiate as Depy. Acct. Genl., Punjab, assumed charge of the duties of the office on 20th Oct.

The following Addenda and Corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Depart. are published for general information:—

* * * *

(Page 55.)

Insert the following Rule under the Section:—10. The tenure of the appointment of Director Genl. of Telegraphs is limited to five years. Extension of that term can be sanctioned by the Secy. of State [illegible]ance.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to the confirmation of the Secy. of State for India:—Lieut. H. J. J. Middleton, East Kent Regt. Sub. Officer, 3rd Bengal Cavalry, 1st Oct. 1880. Lieut. R. F. T. Macartney, York-shire L. I., Offg. Sqn. Officer, 9th Bengal Cavalry, 2nd Oct. 1880. Lieut. W. R. M. Stewart, Oxford-shire L. I., Offg. Sqn. Officer 1st Punjab Cavalry, 31st May, 1882. Lieut. G. S. Ommanney, Norfolk Regt. Wing Officer, 10th N. I., 3rd July, 1882. Lieut. W. E. Hill, Northumberland Fusiliers, Wing Officer, 18th N. I., 31st July 1882. Lieut. A. C. O'Donnell, Sommersetshire L. I., Wing Officer, 10th N.I., 17th August, 1882.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Bt. Lieut. Col. G. de C. Morton, Royal Warwickshire Regt., Depy. Assist. Adjt. Genl., to be an Assist. Adjt.-Genl. on the establishment, vice Col. M. C. Farrington, whose Tenure of appointment is about to expire. Major E. A. Brind, Connaught Rangers, Offg. Depy. Assist. Adjt. Genl., to be a Depy. Assist. Adjt. Genl. on the establishment, vice Lieut. Col. G. de C. Morton, appointed an Assist. Adjt. Genl., dated the 28th Oct. 1883.

Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Lieut. W. J. Gardiner, Lieut. W. B. Rutledge, Mr. S. M. Gregory, and Mr. H. B. Kiddell, to be Capts.

Color-Sergt. G. S. Bomwetsch, to be Lieut.

The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subaltiary leave:—Maj. W. Barron, Bengal S. C., Depy. Supt., 3rd grade, Offg. 2nd grade, Survey of India, (p. a.) for two years; Capt. W. G. C. Halkett, Bengal S. C., Wing Comdr. 30th N. I. (p. a.) for one year; Surg-Maj. C. F. Oldham, 1st Goorkha Regt. (p. a.) for one year and 8 days.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Secy. of State for India:—Maj. W. S. S. Bisset, R. E. (p. a.) for 31 days; Maj. E. N. D. LaTouche, Genl. List, Infantry, (m. c.) for six months; Lieut. F. S. Sorell, Bengal S. C., (m. c.) for one month; and Surg-Maj. A. B. Strahan, (m. c.) for six months.

The following promotions are made, subject to H. M.'s approval:—Brevet.—To be Cols.—Lieut-Col. D. Macdonald, and Col. J. Bartleman, Bengal S. C., 20th Oct. 1883.

Madras Infantry.—Pay-Havildar Nizamdeen to be Jemadar, vice Roostum Khan, invalided, 26th Aug. 1883.

Punjab Frontier Force—8th Punjab Infantry.—Jamadar Jeypal Sing to be Subadar, vice Devi Sing, deceased. Havildar Khazana to be Jemadar, vice Jeypal Sing, promoted, 2nd Sept. 1883.

Capt. A. A. Stokes, late of the East Indian Railway V. R. C., who resigned his commission at his own request, is permitted to retain his rank and to continue to wear the uniform of his regiment.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. W. B. Duthy, Assist. Supt., 1st grade, Indian Telegraph Dept., is appointed to officiate as Supt., 4th grade, from 8th Oct.

Mr. G. W. MacGeorge, Ex. Engr., 1st grade, Railway Branch, is, on his return from furlough, appointed Depy. Consulting Engr. to the Govt. of India for Guaranteed Railways, Lucknow.

The Govr. Genl. in Council is pleased to order the undermentioned temporary promotions to Ex. Engr, 4th grade, with effect from the dates specified:—Bhagat Sing, Assist. Engr., 1st grade, Rajputana, from 6th Sept. 1883; Mr. M. P. Coode, Assist. Engr., 1st grade, Hyderabad, from 20th Sept. 1883.

Major L. Conway-Gordon, R.E., Depy. Acct. Genl. and ex-officio Under Secy. to the Govt. of India, was relieved, on 22nd Oct., of the special duty on which he was placed under P. W. Dept. Notification No. 234, dated 16th idem.

Mr. A.B. Sampson, B.A., Under Secy. to the Govt. of India, in the P. W. Dept., has been granted four months' furlough by the Secy. of State in extention of that granted to him in P. W. Dept. Notification dated 22nd Nov. 1882.

Mr. R. W. Woolcombe, Assist. Engr., 2nd grade, Punjab, is transferred to the State Railway Establt., and his services placed at the disposal of the Director Genl. of Railways.

The services of Mr. R. E. Nelson, Ex. Engr., 3rd grade Central India, are placed at the disposal of the Director Genl. of Railways.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTHS.

BIRCH—October 24, at Kohat, the wife of Lieutenant F. H. J. Birch, R. A., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

WHITE—GIBBS—October 29, at St. Saviours, Mt. Aboo, Rajputana, by the Rev. E. Jenkins-Bowen, M. A., Chaplain, Surgeon-Major Charles White, A.M.D., to Constance May, third daughter of the Hon.'ble. James Gibbs, C. S. I., & C. I. E., Member of H. E. the Viceroy's Council.

MORRIS—BRYAN—October 22, at Anarkulli, by the Rev. J. McDuff, M. Morris, District Superintendent of Police, to Maud, daughter of Mr. C. Bryan.

POGSON—SIBLEY—October 25, at Madras, by the Venerable Archdeacon Warlow, Norman Robert Pogson, C. I. E., F. R. A. S., Government Astronomer, Madras, to Edith Louisa Stopf rd, younger daughter of the late Lieut.-Col. Charles William Sibley, 1st Prince of Wales's North Staffordshire Regiment (H. M. 64th Regiment).

THE EDEN THEATRE.

PROPRIETOR. .....JOHN WILSON.
BUSINESS MANAGER.....FRANK WESTON.
TREASURER ....T. W. HUBBARD.

COMMENCE AT 9-15.

The "Eden," the resort of Fashionable Bombay.

LURLINE

[illegible]
NICOLO
THE MARVELLOUS GROWTH OF FLOWERS,
TO-NIGHT AT 9-15.

Reserved Seats..... Rs. 3.
Second Seats..... Re. 1.
Back Seats..... As. 8.

Children under 12, half price to all classes.
Doors will open at 8-45; curtain to rise at a quarter-past 9.
Reserved Seats at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

THE "EDEN" THEATRE,

SATURDAY NEXT, NOVEMBER 3,
GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE
GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE,
GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE,
GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE,
GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE,
at 4 o'clock.

Children under 12, half price to Reserved and Second Seats; native Servants in charge of Children free to the Matinee, to Reserved and Second Seats.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 1, MEADOW-STREET,

FORT, BOMBAY.

(OPPOSITE ROGERS & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS AND CO., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE* PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.

We also state as a caution to the public that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other houses, are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MANUFACTURER.

SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE*,
Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurttemberg, Germany.
Established 1809.

SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE'S* PIANOS.

A FRESH CONSIGNMENT of these celebrated Instruments HAS ARRIVED by Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. S. MEDUSA and are being tuned by our man from the Factory.

SCHIEDMAYER and *SOEHNE'S* PIANO DEPOT,
ESPLANADE-ROAD, OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER.
AN EARLY INSPECTION SOLICITED.

Prices &c. &c. &c.
Prices as previously advised, on the two years system.

Plain square Piano.....	Rs.	33	per month or Rs.	750
Sympathetic square	"	36	" or "	825
Semi-grand, on three legs ..	"	6	" or "	1,375

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
C. MARCKS & Co.,
Sole Agents.

SPECTACLES *V.* BLINDNESS.

SPECTACLES can only be perfectly adjusted by those having a thorough knowledge of the anatomy of the eye, combined with optical experience. We have the highest medical authorities, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection employed by the mere vendor, is the cause of most cases of blindness and defective vision. MESSRS. LAWRENCE AND MAYO, Consulting Oculists' Opticians, personally adapt their IMPROVED PEBBLE SPECTACLES, at their Offices, Rampart-row, above Soundy and Co., Bombay, and East-street, Poona, daily (Sundays excepted) from 10 to 5. Pamphlet and Price-list free on application.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily,
" " " Overland Summary,
" " " Weekly Budget,
" " " Bi-weekly,
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Maclean's Guide to Bombay,

and for all other publications issuing from this office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER and Co.'s Branch Establishment, East-street, Poona.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON,

MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

Opposite the Flora Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1883.

THE shipowners who met in London on Monday to consider the proposed changes in the Bombay tonnage scale have decided to protest against the action of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce in resolving that the exceptional scale, which provides that sixteen hundredweight of grain should be considered a ton, should be modified, and that eighteen hundredweight should go to the ton from the 1st of January next. The protest was a matter of course, but what is more serious is that the shipowners present pledged themselves not to accept freights at any scale except the present one. This is virtually announcing a strike of steamship owners two months hence. There is no reason whatever to suppose that the Chamber of Commerce will give way on a point in which it is clearly in the right. Had the Chamber proposed to make the ton consist of twenty-two or twenty-four hundredweight, the shipowners would have good ground for refusing to accede to a scale so unfair. The Bombay merchants are quite within their right in insisting that an arbitrary scale, which heavily handicaps the trade of Bombay in the competition with other ports, should be modified. The modification they ask is moderate, and inflicts no hardship whatever upon the steamship owners, who may, if they please, demand higher rates in proportion to the amount of cargo they have to carry. The complaint of the trade now is that under the abnormal scale there are no means of making chartered steamers reduce the rates for goods, of which sixteen hundredweight go to the ton, though the amount fixed when the vessel was chartered, referred to the ordinary scale at which cotton and other articles are reckoned. It is to be hoped that we are not to undergo a dislocation of the trade of the port in January next owing to the unreasonable determination of the shipowners to fight the question out. They cannot hope to win, for the anomaly by which they at present gain an occasional advantage cannot be maintained once the merchants have resolved that it shall cease. The true course for the shipowners is to accept the situation and indemnify themselves, if necessary, by raising their rates for wheat 12½ per cent. If they cannot obtain that advance, it will be clear enough that they are now profiting by the intricacies of the old scale, to an extent not warranted by the state of the market.

IN these days when the question of the proper way to govern India is being discussed at home by public writers, and when the more practical question of local self-government is being considered in India by the Supreme and subordinate Governments, something may be gained if we recall to mind the period when Lord Mayo inaugurated the policy of decentralisation, and the substantial grounds

ernments for these purposes have amounted up to 1881, to about £5.600,000 yearly. From 1871, when financial decentralisation was instituted, to the present day, no complaint has been made against it; it has been well received and has worked in a highly satisfactory manner. The only objection raised has been that so excellent a beginning was limited. This objection was partly removed in 1877-78, when under Lord Lytton's Government stamps, excise, law and justice, and some other items were surrendered, under certain conditions, to the local Governments. To these the licence tax was added soon after it was imposed. Besides these, the management of some of the railways and all the canals within their jurisdiction was made over to the local Governments. The object in view in these as in other cases was to entrust the local Governments with the responsibility of management. The results of this policy have been to remove the antagonism which was apparent between the Central and the subordinate Governments, and to add to the control and authority of the former; while greater economy was exercised and many of improvement carried out by those had previously been either or had become altogether scheme was further in addition, were assigned the total yearly was at the same to the Provincial income and expen to 17 millions ster These changes in perhaps, alarm those ment of India as an in to the peculiar position transfer of its powers authority would be unw safe; but on this point we cellent authority of the Stra work on the "Finances and India." They have recorded opinions:—"The measures of centralisation will not be compl local Governments have been inves responsibility for the financial admin all branches of the public service, the management of which is placed in the and with this responsibility should be that of originating all measures needed good government of their respective ch Were this done, the Government of I would be freed, as it should be, from all dets of local business, and would assume its prope position of a controlling authority only." To this consummation of the policy of decentralisation the administration of public affairs in India appears to be, as it were, naturally tending. Local self-government is one of the off-shoots of the scheme of decentralisation, and a still more flourishing off-shoot may in time be the development of healthy local enterprize, in the construction of lines of railway and in a variety of other ways, by the support which the local Government may, under extended powers, be able judiciously and profitably to bestow on such undertakings.

AT a meeting of the Town Council yesterday, it was decided to recommend the Corporation to contribute the sum of Rs. 5,000 towards the public subscription now being raised for the purpose of giving a suitable reception to their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught on their arrival in Bombay. An animated discussion arose as to whether a grant of money could now be made for the purpose in question, seeing that the Corporation had declared that it would contribute towards any subscription that might

person in the public service, however small might be his salary; and its sanction was required for every road or building, and for every public work of any description, in every province or Presidency, in every town or village from one end of British Indian territory to the other. So long as the attention of the Government of India was engaged in controlling refractory Princes or consolidating new annexations, the inconvenience attracted no attention; but soon after the Mutiny was quelled and peace and progress took the place of wars and tumults, the local Governments began to protest against having their powers curtailed in the management of local affairs, and they naturally felt very averse to the exercised by the Supreme Government in matters which they could manage much better if only allowed sufficient authority. As long as ten years before Lord Mayo's Resolution on decentralisation was issued, Mr. Laing, in his Financial Statement for 1861-62, strongly condemned the then existing system. He said, "If this great Empire is ever to have the roads, the schools, the local police, and other instruments of civilisation which a flourishing country ought to possess, it is simply impossible that the Imperial Government can find either the money or the management. The mere repair of the roads, where anything like a sufficiency of good roads has been made, is matter altogether beyond the reach of any central bureau. It is of the first importance to break through the habit of keeping everything in dependence on Calcutta, and to teach the people not to look to the Government for things which they can do far better for themselves." The reasons here put forward form the basis of the scheme for decentralisation inaugurated in 1871, and they also foreshadow the policy of local self-government which Lord Ripon, in the Resolution of his Government in 1882, placed before the subordinate Governments for consideration. But the worst and really most formidable consequences of the control exercised by the Central Government over every act of the subordinate Governments was that economy was never considered by these Governments in the demands they made on the public purse; they found that their best chance of getting what they wanted was to make extravagant and importunate demands in order to persuade the Government of India of the pressing necessity for them. This condition of affairs led again to perpetual differences of opinion regarding a number of petty details of expenditure; the Government of India was constantly interfering in matters altogether beneath its consideration, and about which it could never get the information it required. The relations between the Supreme and local Governments became strained, and attempts to establish financial control were ineffective and only increased the evil, till open antagonism threatened to be the only result of the ceaseless meddling in the affairs of the different local Governments.

The principles on which for decentralisation are based General Strachey in 18 formed the groundwork fo Governments a larger a possibility and power th viously permitted to p ments since the officia allowed financial co education, registratio ing, roads, and civ eight heads a fixed Imperial revenue e ed, as Lord May "for at least a lordship also showed that the ments "will have a large sum to devote to local objects; the power of allotment will be left absolutely to them; and they will be able to vary their grants for roads, civil buildings, education, and other heads from year to year as they may think most desirable. In some provinces it may be desirable in one year to spend a larger sum on roads; in others it may be desirable to fill up some shortcomings with regard to education or other objects. The gross sums made over to the Provincial Gov-

important event which is likely to have a healthy influence upon the Liverpool cotton trade. Mr. Ranger's liabilities are estimated at the modest sum of £640,000. The only wonder is the amount was not considerably greater. At one time he held 450,000 bales of cotton, valued at something like £5,000,000. The great "corners" of 1879 and 1881 were brought about by him, the former operation yielding him half a million sterling as profit. Last year he "cornered" well-nigh all the cotton to be had—indeed, he bought a good deal more than the sellers could get—and for the two months of July and August he levied some three halfpence in the pound, as a sort of black-mail, on every bale the Manchester mills consumed. The Manchester millowners will now, it is to be hoped, remember this for him, and help him in his difficulty. This is not the first time that he has been in trouble, for at the time of the failure of the City of Glasgow Bank he was in great difficulties, and only just managed to put through. For some time past it has been whispered in business circles in Liverpool that the end of his colossal speculations, in which he turned over millions, would be what it has proved to be. Mr. Ranger is by birth a Jew, and is connected with the Fatmans of New York. Now that his unscrupulous activity has resulted in a magnificent smash, legitimate business will become possible, perhaps, for a period in the cotton trade. Messrs. R. H. Forman and Company have also failed, and other Liverpool firms are expected to follow suit. The influence of gamblers like Mr. Morris Ranger unfortunately survives their prosperity. They involve in their fall others who deserve, and it is to be hoped will obtain, more sympathy.

THE dictum of the legal luminary that every one is supposed to know the law except judges, who require three counsel on each side of a case to explain it to them, has just received rather a startling illustration in England. From some remarks made by Mr. Justice Watkin Williams in a recent trial for child murder at the Central Criminal Court, it would appear to be literally possible for a statute to be passed and to be a part of the law of the land, and yet for one of Her Majesty's judges appointed to administer that law to be ignorant of its existence, and indeed to have had no means of becoming aware of its existence. The poor woman in the case was found by the jury to be insane, and they were about to return the usual verdict of "not guilty on the ground of insanity," when the Public Prosecutor interposed and told them that such a verdict was no longer legal, and that they must return the special verdict of "guilty, but not responsible at the time of the commission of the act." The last session, it appears, has not been altogether barren. The Criminal Code Bill was abandoned, but somehow or another the "Trial of Lunatics Bill" had scraped through and had become 46 and 47 Vic., cap. 38, and a portion of the statute law of the land; and this Act prescribes the new form of special verdict. But Mr. Justice Watkin Williams had never [illegible] Act sent to him, and neither had it [illegible] form or communicated to [illegible] consequently to

HOW THE COLONEL GOT OUT OF IT.

CHAPTER I.

THE scene opens in the well-known station of Dustypore, where, in the year 185— was stationed, among other troops, the 100th Native Infantry. It is a morning in February, parade is over, and in the orderly-room are the Colonel, the Adjutant, the Quarter-Master, and the Subedar Major, who are met for the transaction of current business. The business so transacted is of the usual nature. Private Ram Bux wants a month's leave to take his family to their native village. The wife of Private Rama Bhonslay has presented her lord and master with another child, to the dismay of that worthy sepoy, whose income by no means keeps pace with his family. Naik Shere Singh has been careless on guard, and has to be reprimanded, and there are various other cases, which having been at length disposed of, the Colonel looks at his watch, and opines that it is time to go home.

"By the way," he says, as he prepares to go, "haven't we got a great deal more money in the regimental chest than we ought to have?"

This question is addressed to the Quarter-Master, who in those days was also Pay-Master. He is a tall, gross-looking man, named Bolt, a Lieutenant of some fourteen years' standing, and the regimental chest, and all moneys in it, are in his charge, and the key is kept in his possession.

"The exact sum, sir," he says, referring to a [illegible]k, "is twelve thousand rupees eight annas [illegible]ix pies."

"How do we come to have so much?" [illegible]other the annas and pies," says the Colonel,

"How do we come to have so much?"

[illegible]'s the pay of the left wing," says Bolt, [illegible]n the wing rejoins from detachment next [illegible]t will be paid over to them. Then [illegible]gimental funds, and deposits and all [illegible]ing."

[illegible]rs the Colonel, suddenly, "what's the [illegible] Subedar Major?"

[illegible]ajor hadn't exactly turned pale, [illegible]did not lend itself to that tint, colour, and beads of perspira-[illegible]w.

[illegible]," he said, "I will go home [illegible]er. I shall be all right by

[illegible]olonel; and Subedar Major [illegible]saam, and walked off in [illegible]ith that erect air and [illegible]fficers.

[illegible]Colonel; "he and I [illegible], more than thirty [illegible] gentlemen. As [illegible] go home, and tub

[illegible]rode off, while [illegible]ounting their

[illegible]akfast, he [illegible]which are [illegible] and re-[illegible]ent to [illegible]aper, [illegible] and [illegible]nts [illegible]s, [illegible] of eligible [illegible] of fishing [illegible] his own [illegible] down in [illegible] would suit [illegible] entered in the peculiar to the Major Sahib airy

The Colonel g[illegible] Subedar Major, bu[illegible] breakfast cheroot a[illegible] *Field*. What coul[illegible] He had been at br[illegible] had settled all the c[illegible] some little trumpery re[illegible] him come in.

The Subedar Major cam[illegible] ed, sat on the extreme edg[illegible] him. His dark handsome f[illegible] snowy puggree and his spot[illegible] he looked stolidly to his fron[illegible] made some opening remark

"The Quarter-Master!" said the Colonel, thoroughly roused; "take care what you say. The money is in his charge, and you must be careful what you say about an officer of Mr. Bolt's standing."

"Sahib," said the old Subedar, calmly, "you and I joined the regiment together, and I am now Subedar Major by your kindness and protection, and therefore I have come to you to tell you what is perfectly well known in the regiment, and that is that Bolt Sahib has lost much money at gambling and racing, and that he has taken the Sirkar's money to pay his debts. He has many dealings with that rascally Marwarree, the regimental shroff, and between them they have cleared out the regimental chest."

The Colonel did not say anything for a minute. He remembered that Bolt had plunged rather heavily at the last race meeting, and he had heard rumours of gambling at the Club. He had taken no heed of these rumours: it was not his way; and as for Bolt helping himself to public money, the idea had never entered his head. He was a gentleman himself, and judged his officers by his own standard.

"He shall be tried by court-martial and cashiered," said the Colonel, at last, getting up from his chair and walking hastily up and down the room.

"But you will have to pay the twelve thousand rupees to the Sirkar," remarked the Subedar Major.

The Colonel started, and paused suddenly in his walk. This had not struck him before, but as he was responsible for all regimental moneys, of course he would have to make the deficit good. Twelve thousand rupees! Almost all his savings. Here his eye fell upon the *Field*, and he thought with a pang that there was no chance of the little place in Hampshire, nor anywhere else, now. And then the exposure and scandal of a general court-martial, and the inevitable conclusion that he, as Colonel of the regiment, ought to have looked after things better,—and all this disgrace after more than thirty years' service. It was too much. The poor old Colonel sat down in his chair, and looked drearily out of the window.

"Sahib," said the Subedar Major at this juncture, "if you will be guided by your faithful servant, who owes everything to you, you will"——

"Will what?" said the Colonel, impatiently, as the other paused.

"Write to Bolt Sahib, and tell him that this day week you will count the money in the chest."

"Why d—n it," said the Colonel, at his wits' end, "You said just now there was no money left in the chest to count."

"If you go now and count, Sahib," answered the Subedar Major calmly, "there won't be. In a week, who can tell?"

As a drowning man catches at a straw, the Colonel took pen and ink, and wrote as follows:—

"Dear Bolt,—As there is so much money in the chest, I think I had better count it, both for your satisfaction and my own. There is no hurry. To-day is Saturday; next Saturday after parade I will come to the quarter-guard and count the money.—Sincerely yours,

"THOMPSON JACKSON."

The Colonel read this note, translating as he went, to the Subedar Major, who, as he took leave, said:—"Sahib, I hope it will come right."

"I don't see how the deuce it can," answered the Colonel, irritably; "if the money's gone to-day, it won't be back by this day week."

"Who knows?" said the Subedar Major, "God is great."

CHAPTER II.

At the time the above conversation was taking place, Lieutenant Bolt, Quarter-Master, Interpreter, and Paymaster of the 100th N. I., was sitting in his bungalow in another part of the station. He was a tall dark man with an unpleasant expression of face, and just now he seemed very ill at ease. Things had been going against him of late. He had tried to retrieve his fortune at the last great race meeting, but the result had been simply disastrous. The cards, too, had been unpropitious, and to pay off his debts he had helped himself to public money, with the firm resolve (the resolve that every unfortunate man has always begun with) of putting back what he had taken, as soon as his luck turned. His luck had not turned, and he had sent for the shroff to consult that worthy as to what was to be done.

The shroff entered the room with a profound salaam, and squatted on the floor in an attitude of expectation.

"I must have some money," began Bolt abruptly.

"The Sahib already owes me much," said the shroff.

"You shall have it all back soon," replied Bolt; just now I am in difficulties, as you know."

"But Sahib"—began the shroff, when he was interrupted by the entrance of a servant with a note from the Colonel. What the contents of that note were, we have already seen. Its effect on Bolt was startling. First he turned so pale that the shroff thought he was going to faint. Then he jumped up, and paced up and down the room in a perfect paroxysm of rage.

"Who has done this?" he said. "I am a ruined man. You must lend me this money to put in the chest for twenty-four hours, and then all will be well."

The shroff seemed to be perfectly well aware that the money had been taken out of the chest, and he also flatly refused to advance a single rupee even for the twenty-four hours that Bolt had asked.

"Then, I am a ruined man," repeated Bolt, "and you won't get back a half-penny of what I owe you. When the chest is found to be empty, I shall be tried by court-martial, and you will lose all I owe you. How many thousand rupees is it? Well, never mind, it will all go. Whereas if you advance the twelve thousand just for twenty-four hours, my reputation is saved, and you get back your money. There is no risk to you in the matter."

"But Sahib"—began the shroff.

"But what?" asked Bolt, as he saw the other waver. "I keep the key of the chest, and you can have your money back at once."

We need not follow the colloquy any further. The shroff was deeply interested in Bolt's money affairs, as he had lent him a great deal at one time and another. If the Sahib were ruined, he, the shroff, would be a heavy loser; and so it ended in a promise to advance the sum for twenty-four hours only. In fact, after the Colonel had counted the money, Bolt engaged to have the chest brought to his bungalow, and the money handed back to the shroff. "There will be no difficulty, you know," he said, at the end of the interview. "I always keep the key."

That week was one of the most wretched that the Colonel had ever spent. He thought it would never come to an end. He had heard from day to day a good deal about Bolt's affairs, which seemed in a bad way. The poor Colonel felt thoroughly uncomfortable. Was he doing right in the matter? Was he not somehow conniving at dishonesty? He could not make up his mind. He dreaded a scandal; and he felt he had done nothing to deserve such a heavy loss as twelve thousand rupees. He longed for Saturday, to get the matter settled one way or another, and as time goes on with a supreme indifference to the joys and sorrows of us feeble mortals, Saturday came round at last, and after parade the Colonel went to the quarter-guard to count the money in the regimental chest. "Have you got the key, Mr.

TELEGRAMS.

AUSTRALIAN NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, OCT. 30.

THE FEDERATION PROJECT.

The Governments of the Australasian Colonies have agreed to hold a convention on the 28th November at Sydney, to consider how to make a beginning with federation and to discuss their future relations with New Guinea, the New Hebrides, and other Pacific Islands.

NEW JUDICATURE SYSTEM.

The new judicature system in Victoria will come into operation in July, 1884.

COLONIAL DEFENCES.

The vote for the defences has been agreed to.

NEW MEASURES.

The Railway Loan Bill has been passed, and the Harbour Trust Bill accepted by the Legislative Council.

Preparations for carrying out Sir John Coode's scheme are being vigorously pushed forward.

Mr. Berry presses the advantages of a uniform rate of postage for foreign correspondence among the Australian Colonies.

Besides the Land Bill, a measure to amend the law of libel and contempt of court is to be brought forward.

INTER-COLONIAL FREE TRADE.

A Conference of delegates from the Chambers of Commerce and Manufactures, after a protracted session, agreed to resolutions declaring that the time had arrived for a united dominion of Australia, and that the Government be urged to [illegible] a system of inter-colonial free trade for produce or goods upon which the same duties are levied in all the colonies. It is also urged that the Government should discuss the desirability of abolishing the Stock Tax, and that there should be an exchange of colonial wines.

AUSTRALIAN FROZEN MEAT.

The Frozen Meat Company has completed a contract with the Orient Line for two years.

WINE EXHIBITION.

Next March an Inter-colonial Wine Exhibition will be held at Melbourne.

REPORTED MASSACRE OF EUROPEANS.

A party of Europeans are reported to have been massacred by natives.

THE LOST EXPLORING PARTY.

A telegram received from Kimberley states that the exploring party sent out six months ago, regarding whom anxiety was felt, lived for weeks on dried horseflesh.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Nearly all the gold and notes stolen by Corbett from the Commercial Bank have been recovered in New South Wales.

In Tasmania various remissions of taxation have been carried, but the railway proposals have been shelved.

In New Zealand the Premier has resigned on account of private business. Major Atkinson reconstructed the Ministry.

In Fiji all is quiet. Speculation is rife.

There is a prospect of incorporation with one of the older Australasian Colonies.

The trade returns show increasing commerce but exports are weak.

Tempestuous weather has prevailed throughout the colony; four inches of rain fell in Sydney in one day.

The influx of immigrants into Queensland is unprecedented. 2,500 arrived in two weeks, and nearly 8,000 more are coming.

The South Australian Government has been defeated on the taxation proposals. The Ministry has not dissolved or resigned, but will bring forward fresh resolutions. The Opposition will oppose the proposals.

Harvest prospects are very good.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

LARGE FAILURES IN LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, OCT. 30.

Morris Ranger, cotton merchant of this city, has suspended payment with liabilities estimated at 70,000. The failure of Messrs. R. H. Forman & Company is also announced, but their liabilities are not known. Other failures are apprehended, and great excitement prevails.

THE BOMBAY TONNAGE SCALE.

LONDON, OCT. 30.

A meeting of the shipowners held to-day, to consider the proposed changes in the Bombay tonnage scale, it was resolved to protest against the action of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, and those present at the meeting pledged themselves not to enter into any engagements at Bombay except the present one.

CHOLERA AT JEDDAH.

News from Jeddah states that cholera has broken out at that port, and that all pilgrim steamers are being sent to El Thor to undergo twenty-one days' quarantine.

EXPLOSIONS ON THE LONDON UNDERGROUND RAILWAY.

LONDON, OCT. 31.

Two explosions, the cause of which is at present unexplained, occurred on the Underground Railway yesterday. Thirty people were injured, and several houses were shattered.

THE TONGKING QUESTION.

PARIS, OCT. 30.

In the Chamber of Deputies to-day, there was a debate upon the Radical interpellation of the Government's policy in Tongking. The Minister of Foreign Affairs defended the policy of the Government, and complained of the dilatory nature of the replies of the Government. He further said the French Government were resolved to push forward the expedition firmly and rapidly.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, OCT. 30.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Carthage arrived at Plymouth this morning.

SUEZ, OCT. 30.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Ganges arrived here from Colombo this afternoon.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Lombardy arrived here from Bombay this evening.

PORT SAID, OCT. 30.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Rewa, outward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

LONDON, OCT. 30.

Cotton Market closed quiet. [illegible] Surats [illegible]

[illegible] Market has been quiet. [illegible] 4 1-16d.

Manchester market has been quiet.

20s. Shirtings	5-4d
40s. do.	6-4d
32s Mule Twist	0-9d
3 per cent. Consols for account	101⅞
2½ ,, Sterling Loan	102⅜
4½ ,, French Rentes	108⅝
Bar Silver	50 15-16

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORT.

(OCTOBER 31.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUESDAY, NIGHT, October 30.

10 p.m.	76·1

WEDNESDAY, October 31.

6 a.m.	74·0
10 a.m.	81·1
2 p.m.	86·2
4 p.m.	83·7

MESSRS. HAMILTON AND CO., the jewellers, have been entrusted with the work of making the casket for the address to be presented by the Bombay Municipal Corporation to H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught.

AT the meeting of the Town Council, yesterday, a long discussion ensued upon an application forwarded by the honorary secretaries to the Committee appointed to arrange for the reception of H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, asking the Council to recommend the Corporation to sanction the payment of a grant from the Municipal fund, in aid of the public subscriptions, in accordance with certain resolutions passed by the Corporation and the Town Council. Colonel Merewether contended that the resolutions in question were for granting a reasonable amount in aid of funds that might be collected only with the object of raising a permanent memorial in honour of the event. But as the Reception Committee intended to devote themselves only to fire-works, fairs, and such other ephemeral shows, the Council could not recommend any grant from the Municipal exchequer. In support of these views Colonel Merewether moved a proposition, to which an amendment was proposed by Mr. Sayani to the effect that as H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught came here as a representative of H. M. the Queen, the Town Council should recommend the Corporation to vote a grant of Rs. 5,000. The amendment having been seconded by Mr. Geary, was carried as a substantive proposition.

MR. E. H. PLUNKETT, late Cantonment Magistrate at Poona, will act at the Fort Police Court for Mr. P. Ryan, who has been granted a month's leave from to-day.

THE following circular was issued yesterday:—"Dear Sir,—I beg to inform you that the provisional Directors of the Bombay Electric Light and Power Company, Limited, after careful consideration, do not consider it advisable, in the interests of the shareholders, to go on with the undertaking. The amount paid by you on application for shares will accordingly be refunded by the Agra Bank, Limited, on production of the receipt duly endorsed.—Yours faithfully, JOHN MARSHALL."

THE opium revenue this year promises to considerably exceed the estimates. The actual receipts from seven sales of Bengal opium have amounted to Rs. 4,03,29,250, which is Rs. 17,49,250 better than the estimate, and the receipts from six months' pass duty on opium exported from Bombay have been Rs. 1,04,22,000, which is Rs. 3,22,000 better than the estimate.

SUBSCRIPTIONS to the extent of about Rs. 2,500 are reported to have been contributed towards the fund to enable Miss Piggot to appeal against the decision of Mr. Justice Norris in the defamation case.

THE Bangalore police seem to have completely failed to trace the perpetrators of the recent atrocious murder. The local *Post* says:—"After a fortnight's fruitless attempt to discover the murderers of the ill-fated Maria Burbridge, the police have virtually ceased their investigations, and the circumstances of this atrocious murder remain precisely the same as on the evening it was committed. All that the police have hitherto done is to record voluminous evidence, not an atom of which throws a spark of light on the case in question."

A SECUNDERABAD correspondent writes to the Allahabad paper:—"H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught comes here, I believe, about the beginning of February, accompanied by some Excellencies and the usual links in the chain of responsibility. There will be the customary city dinners, and I trust that a *contretemps*, which they tell me occurred not long ago at an 'up-country' Rajah's fête, will not happen here. The caterer had supplied a dish of 'Tamar Indien' as the latest crystallised dessert fruit."

THE *Pioneer* learns by telegraph from Calcutta that the notification regarding the Viceregal guards-of-honour has been received with general satisfaction by the Calcutta and East Indian Railway Volunteers. A few resignations in consequence of the notification have, however, taken place in the Mounted Company of the Calcutta Corps. It is more than probable that there will be a fair parade of the Calcutta Volunteers at the Government House guard, and the East Indian Railway Volunteers are said to intend to parade in full strength at Howrah.

THE Secretary of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, requests us to publish the following telegram, received yesterday from the Secretary, Arya Samaj, Ajmere:—"Pundit Dyanund Suraswati Swami, the Aryan reformer, and President-Founder of the Indian Arya Samajes, died yesterday at Ajmere, at 6 p. m."

THE police in Bengal are to be armed with Snider rifles instead of the carbines they have had hitherto. The cost of this reform—which will be borne by the Government of India—is reckoned at Rs. 2,18,360. This sum, however, will be spread over three years: a portion only of the force being supplied with the new weapons each year. During the current year the police in thirteen districts will be armed with the Snider.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF MADRAS and staff leave Ootacamund for Madras on Monday, the 5th November. One aide-de-camp remains behind with Mrs. Grant Duff, who will stay there till after Christmas. With His Excellency all the office establishments will return to Madras, and will be followed by the Military Departments, the local *Mail* says. So the plan of permanently locating the Military Offices at Ootacamund has not been found to answer, apparently.

THE services of the Revd. Brook Deedes, Chaplain of Allahabad, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India, and he will return to his former appointment of Domestic Chaplain to the Bishop of Calcutta.

ON several occasions lately announcements have been made in the Madras papers of the fact that Eurasian youths were leaving that Presidency in the hope of obtaining employment at Bombay. In this connection a correspondent from Bombay sends to the *East*, the organ of the Madras Anglo-Indian and Eurasian Association, the following note of warning:—

The labour market in Bombay is, in a word, "glutted," and I fear that those who purpose seeking situations here this season will return wiser but sadder men. There seems to be a general notion abroad that one has only to come to Bombay and he will find employment at once. I can assure you that there is no reason whatever for such an opinion being formed. The struggle for existence is as keen here as it is, comparatively speaking, in the Southern country. I am inclined to think it is not generally known that the President of your Association has adopted measures which keep him posted up on the state of the Bombay labour market; so I would advise those who contemplate resigning or coming here to first consult him, and then act entirely upon his advice. In conclusion, let me say that Bombay, as a place of business, only requires skilled labour. In the mills none but engineers with certificates from the Board of Trade are or can be employed to take charge of the engines. As for junior clerks, railway guards, tindals, and such like, I can assure you we have a superabundance who are simply devouring each other in the struggle of the survival of the fittest.

RATHER more than a year ago the Government of India called upon the Government of Bombay to report on sites in this Presidency suitable for paper mills worked by water. The Executive Engineers who made inquiries into the subject confined their attention to sites situated on or near the sea coast, as it is considered desirable that the foul water passing from a mill should be carried at once to sea. Only three sites in any way suitable for the establishment of a mill could be found, and of these Sasu-Naoghar in the Thana collectorate appears to be the best. The manufacture of paper was commenced here in the year 1877 by Messrs. Johnson and Littlewood, but the undertaking failed owing to insufficiency of capital and cheap material, and the sickness of the employés. There is a good water-supply on this site which could without much difficulty be placed in communication with sea, rail, and road. It is calculated that the works could be re-established at a cost of some Rs. 30,000 or Rs. 40,000, as the masonry dam and tanks need but little repair to make them again serviceable. A drawback is the unhealthiness of the place, but it is considered likely that this might be very greatly reduced by thinning the jungle round the place, clearing the stream of vegetation and dead leaves, and by the adoption of other precautionary measures. We give the complete report in another column. An up-country paper, we see, suggests that "now that cotton piece-goods are something like a glut in the market, a few enterprizing Bombay capitalists might devote their money and ability to the manufacture of paper."

THE United States cotton report for October states that the average condition is 68, against 88 last October, indicating that the crop is falling short of last crop by over one million bales.

THE inhabitants of Rugby—Mr. Tom Hughes's American colony—seem to have solved a religious difficulty in a very practical manner. They have built a church; in the morning the Church of England people perform a service in it, and in the evening the Dissenters. This is a hint for us, says *Truth*, when we disestablish our State Church. The fabrics might be kept up by some sort of charge made for their use by congregations using them, for it is clear that a fabric is wasted whenever it is not used.

MR. JEFFERSON LOWNDES, the well-known sculler, who, at the last Henley Regatta, won the Diamond Sculls for the fifth year in succession, and subsequently won the Amateur Championship of the Thames for the second time, has just taken his M.A. degree at Oxford.

IT is reported that the German Emperor has recently received several threatening letters. The inquiries instituted as to the writer resulted in showing that he is insane.

A TELEGRAM from Calcutta, 29th October, to the Allahabad paper, says that "the European and Anglo-Indian Defence Association here has received a telegram from London to the effect that a crowded meeting of influential opponents of Mr. Ilbert's Bill was held at the Westminster Aquarium on the evening of the 26th instant, Colonel Malleson occupying the chair. A powerful address was delivered to the meeting by Mr. Atkins. An attempt at interruption was made by the Radicals present, but Colonel Malleson successfully insisted upon Mr. Atkins being heard. An amendment moved by Mr. Wood and seconded by Mr. Haggard was lost by a large majority. Finally a resolution strongly condemning the Bill was carried almost unanimously. The chief speakers for the Bill were Raja Rampal Singh, Messrs. Clarke and Khery. Against the Bill addresses were delivered by Colonel Walsh, Messrs. Wilson, Pim, Dawson, and Badenoch."

THE following special telegram from London, dated Oct. 26, appears in the *Englishman*:—

The press comments favourably on Mr. David Plunket's splendid oration last night against the Ilbert Bill at Earl's Court, Chelsea. Much indignation is expressed at the fact exposed by Colonel Malleson at the same meeting, that the Radicals have arranged to pack Mr. Atkins' meeting at the aquarium to-night, where Colonel Malleson takes the chair. A great meeting is announced at the East India Association next Wednesday to protest against the Bengal Tenancy Bill. Lord Stanley is to be Chairman, Mr. Roper Lethbridge opens the discussion with an address on the mischief threatened by the Bill.

THE Bishop of Newcastle has been taking a leaf out of the book of his brother prelate of Bombay, and lately announced that people who contract marriage under the Deceased Wife's Sister Bill (when it becomes law) ought not to be admitted to Holy Communion. *Truth* commented severely on what it described as the "exceptional bigotry" of Dr. Wilberforce. His lordship's views, however, appear to be acceptable in the eyes of a very considerable body of the clergy. At the Church Congress the Archdeacon of Buckingham read a paper on the subject, and said: "The Church should clearly repudiate such marriages by refusing to admit such persons to Communion. She should speak out authoritatively, and without delay." These remarks were greeted with loud applause, and speeches in the same strain were delivered—amongst others, by Mr. Sclater Booth, Mr. Beresford Hope, Colonel Makins, and Mr. John Walter.

WHEN Parliament reassembles it will be the imperative duty of the Irish National representatives, the Dublin *Nation* of Oct 12 says, to bring an indictment of the most serious character against Sir Stafford Northcote. "It will be necessary to accuse him of acting the part of leader in the work of stirring up the embers of sectarian strife; of being a fomenter of public disturbance; and of being an accessory to all the outrages which have disgraced Belfast. During his visit almost the whole of the talk there has been of war, of guns and bayonets, of powder and ball. No more plain incentives to physical combat have ever been given on the public platform in Ireland. Had Sir Stafford Northcote remained but another week in Belfast, it is not improbable that the whole town would by this time have been a scene of riot, plunder, and carnage.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE transfers from the 2nd Battalion to the 1st Battalion Royal Irish Fusiliers, numbering about 237 men, one woman, and one child, with proportion of officers and non-commissioned officers in charge, will march from Belgaum, under arrangements to be made by the General Officer commanding that district, for embarkation at Vingorla in the Indian Government vessel Czarewitch (in tow of the Dagmar) on the 20th November, 1883, for Kurrachee, whence the detail will be despatched by rail to Rawal Pindi. The conducting party to return to Bombay by rail on completion of the duty. The Czarewitch is due at Kurrachee on the 27th November.

THE Soldiers' Industrial Exhibition at Lucknow is to be opened by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces on the 5th proximo. Great progress has been made with the preparations lately, and over a thousand exhibits, the contributions of sixty corps and departments, and representing every species of industry, are now ready in the Exhibition building. This, it should be said, is in the Right Infantry Lines, and covers a large plot of ground, while in front and behind a pleasure garden has been tastefully laid out with shrubs and flowers from the Wingfield Park. The internal decorations are also said to be admirable, while as to the exhibits the 2nd Devonshire from Jullundar, and 2nd Lincolnshire from Sitapur, are said to have distinguished themselves particularly in this excellent competition.

COLONEL C. W. CHESTER, Commandant, 26th Punjab Native Infantry, has rejoined at Peshawur from furlough in England, taking over the command from Lieutenant-Colonel Fitzgerald, who has been officiating since his return from Staff employ, and who will now hold the officiating appointment of Second-in-Command, until the return of Colonel Tulloch, in 1885. Colonel R. C. Brook, 1st South Lancashire Regiment, also rejoined, from leave to England, on the 25th instant, and resumed command of the battalion (late 40th), which had been held during his absence by Lieutenant-Colonel White.

THE *Pioneer* remarks on the fact that there are two lieutenant-colonels commanding battalions in the British service, one of whom is in this country, between whose date of birth there should be 13 years with 16 years intervening between the dates of their entering the service—one having been a child of four in petticoats when the other donned the uniform of H. M.'s Service. Such, however, is a fact. Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet-Colonel) Elgee, now commanding the 1st Battalion Royal Welsh Fusiliers, was born in January, 1829, and entered the service in April, 1846, obtaining command of a battalion [illegible] years afterwards. Lieutenant-Colonel R. N. Cream, who commands the old 62nd, now the 1st Battalion Wiltshire Regiment, entered this world in September, 1842, and joined the service in April 1862, obtaining command of a battalion 19 years afterwards. The above may be, and no doubt is, exceptional, but the intention of the present reform is frustrated by such being the case. Colonel Elgee being a full colonel of 1877, it was expected he would have obtained a brigade command in this country, which, no doubt, he would have done had not the patronage of these berths been taken out of the hands of the authorities in India and transferred to the Horse Guards for the especial benefit of officers who have been employed on the staff thereof. The two last colonels appointed brigadiers in India—Colonels East and Elles—both entered the service eight years after Colonel Elgee, that is to say, were born eight years later, whilst the former is a Colonel of 1879, and the latter of only 1881. Colonel Elgee will stop promotion in the Royal Welsh till 1885 (April), when he, of course, will be compelled to go on half-pay in completion of his five years in command. When this takes place, the two junior lieutenant-colonels will have 30 and 31 years' service to their credit, respectively, and each will have reached the mature age of 49 years. The senior major will also have 30 years' service, and be over 47 years of age.

IN connection with the above, we remark that Major-General Martin Dillon, C. B., C. S. I., Assistant Military Secretary to H. R. H. the Commander-in-Chief, who, Reuter informs us, has been appointed to command the Bangalore Division—he is the only Major-General Dillon we can find in the Army List—joined the service in 1843, and became Major-General in 1878. We quote the following record of Major-General Dillon's war services:—Major-General Dillon served with the 98th Regiment in the Punjaub campaign of 1848-49 (Medal); also with the Flank Companies at the forcing of the Kohat Pass under Sir Colin Campbell, and Sir Charles Napier in February, 1849 (Second with clasp); also with the Rifle Brigade (Light Battalion) in the Crimea subsequent to the fall of Sebastopol, from the 18th March, 1856; was present with it during the whole of its services in the field in India, from November, 1857, to December, 1859, including the actions at Cawnpore) dangerously wounded, two bayonet and one sword wounds), siege and capture of Lucknow (Brevet of Major), Oude campaign of 1858 under Sir Hope Grant, and with Lord Clyde in his Trans-Gogra operations, as Brigade Major to Brigadier Sir Alfred Horsford, and subsequently as his principal Staff Officer on the Nepaul Frontier, in his advance into Nepaul, and during the Second Trans-Gogra campaign; also as Brigade-Major to Brigadier Holdich during the operations on the Onde Frontier in connection with 12,000 Nepaulese troops, which resulted in the capture of large bodies of mutineers who had crossed the Nepaul boundary (Medal with clasp). Proceeded to China in 1860 as Assistant Adjutant-General of Major-General Sir R. Napier's Division, and was present during that campaign at the capture of the Taku Forts, &c., and the advance to Pekin (Medal with clasps, and Brevet of Lieut.-Colonel). Serve in the Abyssinian campaign as Military Secretary to Lord Napier, and was present at the capture of Magdala (mentioned in despatches, C.B., Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, Colonel, and Medal).

GENERAL HARDINGE'S TOUR.

TOUR OF H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, BOMBAY ARMY.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and Staff, consisting of the Military Secretary, two Aides-de-Camp, one native Aide-de-Camp, Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General, and a Medical Officer, will leave Bombay on the 28th of November by steamer, on tour through the Southern Districts, and will reach the undermentioned stations as follows:—

Siddapur	6th Dec.	Halt	16th Dec.
Tyagli	7th ,,	Talgur	17th ,,
Sirsi	8th ,,	Kirkur	18th ,,
Yekumbee	9th ,,	Bagwaree	19th ,,
Pala	10th ,,	Belgaum	20th ,,
Moondgood	11th ,,	Halt	21st & 22nd ,,
Halt	12th ,,	Kolhapur	23rd & 24th ,,
Trimulkop	13th ,,	Satara	25th ,,
Hubli	14th ,,	Poona	26th ,,
Dharwar	15th ,,		

By Dawk.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Oct. 30.—The pressure continues to give way everywhere. The readings are now highest in the Central Provinces, and lowest over the south-west corner of the Bay of Bengal. This barometric depression over the Bay appears to be increasing somewhat in intensity. It occasions overcast weather and rain all along the Madras coast and over the extreme south of the Peninsula, but there seems to be no strengthening of the wind. Elsewhere the weather is almost unchanged. No rain has fallen outside the Madras Presidency, and the weather generally is fine and clear. More cloud prevails, however, in Bengal, and the air is damper, but there is no rain beyond Gopalpore. The maximum temperature in North-Western India yesterday was 90° at Delhi and Lucknow. Rain to-day:—Vizagapatam, 2 inches; Masulipatam, Cochin and Diamond Island, 1 inch. Provincially, Mallore had 2½ inches; Cuddapah, 1½ inch.

CROP AND WEATHER REPORT.

THE following is the official summary of the Reports of the Revenue and Agricultural Department on the state of the season and prospects of the crops throughout India, for the week ending the 23rd October:—

"Unusually heavy rain has fallen throughout the greater part of the Madras Presidency, in Mysore, and in the southern districts of Bombay. Some damage has been done by excessive rain in parts of Madras and in the Deccan, and *rabi* sowings have been retarded, but standing crops have on the whole been much benefited and promise well. Damage from excessive rain and interruption of *rabi* sowings are also reported from Hydarabad and the Berars. In Sind there has been no rain, and water for *rabi* irrigation is scarce owing to the low level of the river. Slight showers, favourable to *rabi* sowings, have fallen over the greater part of Central India, except Gwalior where rain is needed. No rain fell in Rajputana, and it is much needed in Ulwar; elsewhere prospects are good. Except in Mergui, scarcely any rain has fallen in Burma during the week, and rice on highlands has suffered in parts of three districts. In Assam the weather is seasonable and crops are doing well. Rain still holds off in Bengal, and much injury has been done by the long break to the rice crop, the prospects of which are very unfavourable in all, save the eastern districts. In the Central Provinces there has been general and in parts heavy rain which has delayed agricultural operations, but prospects continue good. Moderate rain has fallen in a few districts of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and in two districts of the Punjab, but more is needed in both provinces for the *rabi*. The *kharif* is being harvested, and wind sowings are in progress in most provinces, where they are not retarded by drought or by excessive rain. The public health is generally fair. Prices are still rising in Bengal, and are generally steady elsewhere."

THE STUDENT AND HIS PROFESSORS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your to-day's issue, while culling a passage from the letter which I wrote to you some days back, you say in the beginning that I complain "of the professors of our college as a body." This is rather ambiguous. This may mean that I complain of all the professors connected with the teaching of our college, and if any one takes it in that sense, I am sure he will shower over me with baffled rage all vituperative expressions that he may be aware of; for they would think that I am also dissatisfied with Professors Wordsworth and MacMillan. Now, sir, I should certainly not like to be thus condemned. For, beyond doubt, I entertain, in common with the other students, the highest possible opinion of these two erudite professors. So I request you to give place to this letter in your next issue, in order that the doubts of some persons who have misunderstood you may immediately be removed.

WILL-O-THE-WISP.

Elphinstone College, Oct. 30

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I must call the attention of the learned Principal of Elphinstone College to a mania now spreading to a dangerous extent among the students of the college. When first I read the letters in the *Maratha* about Professor Oliver, I could not help treating them with silent contempt. But when, again, a "Mr. Oxford," in a stupid letter, reviled the professor in question, I pointed out to the editor of the *Maratha* that his correspondent argued solely on premises the truth of which I have good reasons to doubt. But my letter was consigned to the waste-paper basket. It was not a little surprised, however, to see the same sort of calumnies finding space in your valuable paper. Will the student correspondent of yours let the public know who that "abandoned professor" is "who sternly exclaimed, 'I am not a machine to solve difficulties'?" Let me tell you that the professors of Elphinstone College never behave in a way which makes it compulsory for the students to "kneel down before their menaces, their widened eyes, and what not! lest they suffer rustication at their iron hands." On the contrary, I know professors who take a great deal of interest in their students. It is patent that the professors of the college are noted for their kindness and courtesy to students. I must call upon Mr. Wordsworth to let the public know what he thinks of the staff under him. I am sure that the opinion of the learned Principal will soon help us in quieting a few in Elphinstone College whose profession it is to censure others. Well, if they themselves are more competent than most of the professors I may advise them to stay at home, and not attend the college at all. The University, in that case, will be very glad, as even proud, to grant degrees and diplomas to honour men without asking them to submit to an examination—to such a wonderful class of philosophers who during the year or two they spent at the college, surpassed even those Professors who were once at the head of Oxonians and Cantabs.

Q.

III.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your yesterday's issue there appears a paragraph disclosing the grievance of "A Student of the Elphinstone College." I cannot account for his audacious wholesale denunciation of the professors of the college, except by supposing that the much-abused Rhadamanthus have affected a mind naturally imbecile. Perhaps a change from Byculla to Colaba would do the writer some good.

It seems that the incompetency of the professors would not have been made a subject of public comment had not the dignity of your correspondent been offended by the repulse he encountered at the hands of a heartless professor who declined to be treated as "a machine to solve difficulties." Everybody has his woes, and professors have theirs, the least of which is the exorbitant demand made by thoughtless students on their time and patience. The generality of students disdain to exert themselves, and rely for the explanation of even trifles on their teachers. The labour of a reference to a dictionary or a grammar is, as a rule, not incurred under the belief that everything ought to be made clear by the professor. Your own college days the Professor of English declined to answer mere verbal difficulties or to explain historical allusions, on the ground that such points it was the duty of the student to make clear for himself. I have heard also that a certain professor at the Deccan College, on being assailed with questions as to parsing and meanings of words, suggested that the students direct his energies into comparatively unprofitable channels—set about, with philosophical coolness, composing an epitaph on himself, being of opinion that if the practice were persisted in for a long time, all or most mortals, in need of relaxation, would resort to it. Again, professors are, with all their philosophy and erudition, mere mortals, in need of relaxation after weak and embarrassed with worldly concerns, and, therefore, cannot afford to have, now and again, their time and rest most ruthlessly encroached upon by persons who, in their inordinate vanity or ambition, consider it incumbent upon professors to be always within an easy reach of their imperial presence or exaction. In spite of all this, some of the professors of Elphinstone College sacrifice a large portion of their time in privately assisting such students as in their opinion, by the superiority of their character or intellect, or from some other cause, deserve encouragement. The Professor of Mathematics devotes a considerable portion of his time every year to preparing candidates for the M. A. Examination, though no such responsibility rests upon him officially. The Professor of Persian has not only exerted himself, when occasions arose, to a similar purpose, but his readiness to "serve" the students is so well known that even ex-students freely avail themselves of it.

Either the heart of the person who compares such conscientious and self-sacrificing teachers as Elphinstone College possesses to "an envious worm" must be depraved, or his intellect, as is the present case, in this province, is dwarfed by the no book of quotations at hand to meet your correspondent with a counter-quotation, yet I may be allowed to affirm that to me, and to other grateful Elphinstonians, he presents the ludicrous spectacle of a malignant worm trying in vain to bite into the fair reputation of the learned (taken as a whole) staff of the college in the Bombay Presidency.

Oct. 31. AN ELPHINSTONIAN.

INDIAN CIGARS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Referring to your leader on Indian cheroots—I send you for trial half-a-dozen ——'s havanah No. 1, sold in Bombay at Rs. 2 per 100. I have smoked these now for some months, and they are in my opinion the finest cheroots obtainable. I don't mention names, as this is not an advertisement. They are mild, of a beautiful flavour, burn evenly, with a white ash, and require only the gentlest puffing at long intervals to keep them alight. Further, they have the character—which you say is unobtainable in an Indian cheroot—of being always the same, always good. I consider them equal to a manila in flavour, and they have a further great advantage, that the tobacco not being doctored you never wake in the morning with a headache, or a nasty taste in the mouth. This looks very much like perfection in a cheroot, but it is true, all the same. Then there are ——'s "musters" at Rs. 2-4 per 100 and ——'s "gems" at Rs. 2 per 100, which have nearly all the characteristics described above, the former being mild and a long smoke while the latter is a small cigar of good flavour but rather stronger tobacco. *Chacun a son gout.* So long as such cheroots can be got in Bombay, I don't care to go further. One proviso, however, should be made: no Indian cheroot will smoke well unless properly looked after, especially in our damp Indian monsoon. When I buy a box, I carefully turn them all over, and throw away any that I believe have worm-holes—this, however, rarely happens. I then put them away in air-tight round tin canisters, which can be bought in the bazar at 2 annas each. This helps to keep them dry in the monsoon and slightly damp in the dry weather, and prevents the weevils from getting at them. If this precaution is not taken the weevil eggs will hatch and do mischief. I have in opening a box frequently found half-a-dozen weevil holes in a cheroot, while next to it one cheroot has apparently been touched. How they got there is a mystery. But when the cheroots are put into a tin canister, the eggs apparently lie dormant, for it is rare to find a canister done. In the monsoon I put in a separate canister sufficient only for two days' consumption, and put also in the canister a lump of quicklime (called Surat chunam), tied in a piece of cloth, which costs only one pice. It swells enormously the day after it is put in, showing it has absorbed all the dampness in the canister. This chunam needs only to be renewed once a fortnight, while if the cheroots are renewed every two days they do not become over-dry, and in having to smoke them are also always dry. If kept in the same canister. These precautions need to be taken by every one who wishes to obtain solace and enjoyment in a

SMOKER.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m.
Concert, Temple Bar, 9 p.m.
Eden Theatre, 9-15 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Lord Warwick (s), from Moulmein; City of Carthage (s), Liverpool.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—H. M. S. Malabar, for England; Husara (s), Calcutta, &c.; Principia (s), London.

A STARVED MARWARREE.—Last Tuesday morning the police were informed that a Marwarree, named Hajaree Moordischund, aged 21 years, who was in his shop at Upper Mahim, could not be roused. Inspector Briscoe proceeded to the shop, and immediately had two planks of the shutters removed, and found the man lying on the floor in a very weak condition from starvation. He was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where he was detained.

FIREWORKS IN THE PUBLIC STREET.—There were upwards of seventy cases before Mr. C. P. Cooper, at the Fort Police Court, yesterday morning, in which persons were charged with letting off fireworks in a public place contrary to the orders of the Commissioner of Police. Fines of four annas were imposed by the magistrate on those accused under sixteen years of age, and eight annas on those above that age. There were also a number of similar cases before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, at the Girgaum Police Court, when similar fines were imposed.

THE THEFT AT THE SECRETARIAT.—We have received the following letter in regard to the theft at the Secretariat:—"SIR,—Allow me to draw your attention to an incorrect statement in your issue of to-day under the head 'Theft from the Secretariat.' The person who is suspected to have stolen the money and to have behaved in the manner represented is one Shaik Ahmoo Shaik Osman Nadurwan at the Secretariat. I hope, in common justice to me, you will at once contradict the erroneous statement.—Yours faithfully,—DOSSABHOY ARDASEER SHROFF."

THE EDEN THEATRE.—At this pleasant place of amusement Madame Emmeline Nicolo continues to awaken the curiosity of large audiences by the cleverness of her sleight-of-hand tricks. This week she has introduced several new tricks, including the "wonderful skull," "the walking card," "the marvellous growth of flowers," &c. The feats of the amphibious Lurline, who is now described as the "Rage of America" and sundry other places, are as attractive and as gracefully performed as ever, and as loudly applauded. It has been arranged to give a morning performance on Saturday. This will give children an opportunity to attend.

STEALING A PEARL.—Kunthia Govind, a goldsmith by profession, was brought up on remand, and charged before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee yesterday with stealing a pearl, valued at Rs. 125, the property of Naghur Ghella, a merchant. The complainant stated that he was showing some pearls to a customer last Monday afternoon on Bombadevi-road, when one of them fell from his hands. Some people then commenced to search for it, among them being the accused. He was seen to pick up the pearl and conceal it in his mouth, and was at once siezed. Finding himself detected, he swallowed the pearl, and when asked denied all knowledge of it. A policeman was then called, and the accused was taken to the G. T. Hospital, where the pearl was recovered from him. It was also stated that when the accused saw that the pearl after it had been secured by one of the hospital servants, he snatched it from his hands and was about to swallow it again, but was prevented. The magistrate convicted the prisoner, and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

ASSAULT BY A NATIVE ON A EUROPEAN.—Chotakhan, nuccadum in the employ of the Post Office, appeared again before Mr. C. P. Cooper, yesterday, charged with assaulting Mr. Henry Holland, superintendent of the Post Office stables, on the morning of the 25th ultimo. Mr. Brown, of the firm of Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Mankar, barrister-at-law, for the defence. The evidence tendered for the defence by a police sepoy and a Post Office coachman went to show that the complainant was the worse for liquor at the time of the assault. The magistrate, however, could not swear to the insobriety of the complainant. In disposing of the case, his worship remarked he had no doubt that the accused had committed the assault. He would, however, take into consideration that the parties held relations to each other which they ought not to have done, considering the position of the complainant; also that the accused would lose his appointment on account of the assault. He would therefore fine him Rs. 30, or in default sentence him to fourteen days' hard labour.

FATAL BLOW WITH A STICK.—The adjourned inquest concerning the death of Jamabai, wife of Cushna Gopal, who died about twelve days ago from a wound on the head, was held before the Coroner, Dr. Blaney, yesterday, at his bungalow, Byculla. From the evidence further adduced, it appears that about a fortnight since, the husband of the deceased gave a woman named Bayajee Calloo, who used to board with him, a beating in consequence of which the deceased received a wound on the head with a stick. The woman lingered till the 28th ultimo, when she died. The verdict returned by the jury was "that the death of the deceased was caused by tetanus following a wound on the head inflicted with a stick by her husband, Cushna Gopal, under such circumstances that the act of Cushna was rash and negligent, but not amounting to culpable homicide." Cushna Gopal was charged before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, yesterday, with culpable homicide not amounting to murder, in causing the death of his wife Jamabai on the application of Inspector Dresser, and his worship remanded the case to the 8th instant, to enable the Public Prosec

was raised for the use of the mill by a pumping engine, three large corrugated iron-roofed sheds containing the boilers, engines and papers manufacturing machinery and two masonry filtering and settling tanks. The total cost of the works is estimated by the Executive Engineer to have been Rs. 30,000 or thereabouts.

The site is said to possess the following advantages for the establishment of a paper manufactory :—(a) For water supply there is already available a small perennial stream, which in the hot weather has a constant flow of from 10 to 15 cubic feet per minute and considerably greater at other seasons. (b) Great facilities for largely increasing this supply at a small cost by constructing a small dam across the narrow gorge through which the stream flows from the hills to the plain.

The waste and foul water from the mill can be discharged at once into the stream below the dam and thence into the creek. The small village of Sasu-Naoghar, which is the only village on its course, could be supplied with water at a small cost from the water system of the mill.

The site can be placed within fair communication with Bombay and so with the rest of India by sea, rail and road. It is about six miles from the Bassein Road Station of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway to which, however, there is no road beyond a country track. It is three-fourths of a mile only from the bank of the creek, where country boats from Bombay can touch, though there is at present neither road nor landing stage. From Ghodbandar, which is immediately opposite to the site, a good made road seven miles long leads to the Baroli Station of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway and thence to Bombay.

As regards the water-supply, the Executive Engineer states that the present supply from the stream was apparently considered sufficient for the purposes of the mill started there by Messrs. Johnson and Littlewood, as the dam already constructed is not intended to form a large storage reservoir, but merely a pool for retaining the night's flow of water in the hot season and for the convenience of feeding the suction pipe of the pump. He thinks, however, that, if necessary, a larger supply can be secured at but a small cost, as the valley possesses peculiar facilities for accumulating a very large quantity of water with only a short low dam. It will be seen from the sketch appended that several valleys, together with a very large catchment area, unite into one wide flat valley, the only outfall from which is a narrow rocky gorge affording an excellent position for a dam.

With reference to the question of the cost which would have to be incurred in the construction of the necessary storage and other works the Executive Engineer observes :—

"Without taking an accurate survey and levels of this valley and gorge, it is of course impossible to give any details as to storage capacity of the reservoir at different levels and as to heights and length and therefore of the cost of the dam required. But from inspection it would appear that a dam about 20 feet high would form a very large reservoir that would much more than supply any possible requirements, while such a dam would not exceed 60 or 80 feet in length at the deepest part and 120 to 150 at the top. The mill too being immediately below the site of the dam, there would be no heavy outlay for iron piping.

"The machinery, &c., already constructed, was not protected in any way, and remains exactly as on the day the mill stopped work. As the sheds are open at the sides, the machinery is exposed to the weather, is greatly damaged by rust and rendered almost useless. The masonry dam and tanks, however, only need small repairs to make them again serviceable. I would require a sum of Rs. 30,000 to Rs. 40,000 to re-establish these works."

The Executive Engineer suggests that if it is ever intended to make use of the works already constructed and thus to resume operations at this place, it would be necessary to pay particular attention to the selection of a good site for the erection of sheds or huts for the work-people and the construction of the sheds on a sufficiently high plinth or platform, a thorough clearance of the jungle and vegetation for some distance around the place, and the clearing of the stream of vegetation and dead leaves. He attributes the sickness which prevailed among the employés of the mill to neglect on the part of the owners of these precautions, especially the last, as the small stream which supplies drinking-water is overgrown in places with jungle and also receives the drainage of rice-fields. It, however, the valley be dammed and a reservoir formed, there would, in his opinion, be no danger from a contaminated water-supply.

It will be seen from the foregoing remarks that of the three sites mentioned, that at Sasu-Naoghar possesses decided advantages for the establishment of a paper mill at a comparatively small cost. Judging from the description given of it by the Executive Engineer, the site appears to His Excellency in Council to be suitable in all respects for the establishment of a paper mill of sufficiently large scale to allow of its being worked economically, the only drawback being the dryness of the place. This evil, however, may be minimised by the adoption of the precautionary measures suggested by the Executive Engineer and such other arrangements as experience may show to be necessary, and no serious difficulty will therefore be apprehended from it.

It is stated that an application was lately received from Messrs. Pelly and Company for the grant of land at Thana Collectorate for [illegible] paper mill; but on inquiry [illegible] applied for was found to be [illegible]

"Carnatic" cannot but prove a success. Amongst the list of officers appear the names of gentlemen, who are an ornament to native society.—*Madras Athenæum.*

CHOLERA AT TANJORE.—This dire epidemic was imported into Tanjore by the silkweavers who returned from Tripatty. The streets inhabited by them in Magarnonchavadi are the only places that are now infected. Fresh cases are reported every day. Up to date, 70 fatal cases are said to have occurred in that locality. Dr. Llyod has visited the place to-day to examine the cases personally as none that is attacked is known to have escaped from the hands of Yama, King of Death. —*South Indian Post.*

A DASTARDLY ASSAULT.—On Thusday at 11 a.m., that portion of Broadway facing the Wesleyan School was the scene of some excitement, caused by a fight between a Chinaman and a Mahomedan. From enquiries instituted, it appears that the China man, who is a carpenter by trade, has his place of business on the Broadway. At about 10 a.m., the Mahomedans entered his shop and purchased certain articles, but when the former demanded payment for the same, the latter refused, without assigning any cause or reason. Words ensued, and a number of Mahomedan were attracted to the spot, who one and all belaboured the unfortunate celestial most unmercifully. When the Chinaman, who was bleeding profusely, represented the matter at the Bl. Division Thannah, he was calmly referred to a Magistrate.—*Bangalore Post.*

ALLEGED SWINDLING AT BANGALORE.—In the District Magistrate's Court, Bangalore, on 26th October, before Major E. Maltby the case of Captain John Sullivan, who was arrested at the Elphinstone Hotel, Madras, and brought under police surveillance to Bangalore, came on for hearing. The first witness was Paupiah Naidu, who being duly sworn stated :—I am a pensioner, but now hold an appointment as assistant record keeper, Mysore D. P. W. I know the prisoner Sullivan, who was temporarily employed as sorter of records for three months in the same office. The accused showed me a letter, which he said he had received from the High Court of Madras. This was about 10th of September last. He told me that he was to get 86 lakhs of rupees, bequeathed to him by his father's uncle, Sir Benjamin Sullivan. He further told me that he had to go to Madras, and wanted some money in order to appear decently dressed before the High Court to get this money. I and Sheik Adam went to sowcar Rungiah Chetty, and got Rs. 100 on a promissory note and gave the amount to Sullivan, Sheik Adam giving him Rs. 40 and I Rs. 55 ; the balance of Rs. 5 was given to the lender as interest. About five or six days after, the accused wanted a further sum of money. He wrote to me for Rs. 50 more. On the same day I received another letter (exhibit E.) asking for the additional Rs. 50, urging upon me to advance the further loan to help him to proceed to Madras. On this I obtained Rs. 40 for him, by giving him a note to Rungia Chetty for Rs. 20, and I raised Rs. 22 on some jewels of mine which I mortgaged. Rs. 1 was taken for interest. I kept one for myself, and handed the balance to Sullivan, viz, Rs. 20. Soobiah Naidu, my brother-in-law, was present on the occasion. Out of the Rs. 40 advanced, I got back Rs. 20 subsequently from the accused's pay. To my knowledge Sullivan did not go to Madras. After the second payment of Rs. 40, I received an additional letter from the accused on the 4th October. Informing me that the hearing of his case was adjourned to the 12th October, and asking me to come to his house. On the 7th (Sunday) I went to the accused's house. I asked him to show me the letter adjourning his case till the 12th instant. He handed me this letter (exhibit D., a post letter) purporting to be signed by R. H. Stevenson, Registrar, Original Side. This letter, though appearing to have been sent from Madras had the post mark of "Bangalore" only. This aroused my suspicion, and I was then certain that the letter in question was not genuine, and did not emanate from the High Court. I handed it to Soobiah Naidu, and asked him to go away. This made the accused angry, and he asked me why I detained his letter. I then left, saying that I would go and fetch it back. I did not return this letter, but went and consulted a legal gentleman, and laid my complaint at law. I charge the accused with cheating by inducing me to lend him money under false pretences, and using as genuine forged documents.—The further hearing of the case has been adjourned, pending a reference to the Presidency Magistrate, Madras, in order that a commission may interrogate Mr. Stevenson, the Registrar of the High Court, as to whether the letters purporting to have been sent by him are genuine.—*Madras Mail.*

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ON TO-MORROW FRIDAY, the 2nd November, 1883, at Messrs. MEHERJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.'s, will sell by Public Auction, at the above place, the stock-in-trade of the above establishment, which is well worth attention.

MEHERJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 1st November, 1883.

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THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 1st November, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twists, &c.

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